## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

## **FORM 10-Q**

## [X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016

OR

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 0-19133



FIRST CASH FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

690 East Lamar Blvd., Suite 400

Arlington, Texas

(Address of principal executive offices)

(817) 460-3947

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

NONE

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. xYes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). xYes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

x Large accelerated filer

o Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). oYes x No

As of August 3, 2016, there were 28,243,229 shares of common stock outstanding.

75-2237318 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

76011

(Zip Code)

o Accelerated filer

o Smaller reporting company

## FIRST CASH FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

## **INDEX**

## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

<u>Item 1.</u>	Financial Statements (Unaudited)	<u>1</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	<u>1</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income	<u>2</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)	<u>3</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	<u>3</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	<u>5</u>
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>6</u>
<u>Item 2.</u>	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>24</u>
<u>Item 3.</u>	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>41</u>
<u>Item 4.</u>	Controls and Procedures	<u>41</u>
<u>PART II.</u>	OTHER INFORMATION	

<u>42</u>
<u>42</u>
<u>42</u>
<u>43</u>
<u>43</u>
<u>43</u>
<u>44</u>

<u>45</u>

**SIGNATURES** 

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS

#### **Forward-Looking Information**

This quarterly report contains forward-looking statements about the business, financial condition and prospects of First Cash Financial Services, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries (together, the "Company") and the Company's previously announced all-stock merger of equals transaction with Cash America International, Inc. ("Cash America"). Forward-looking statements, as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "believes," "projects," "expects," "may," "estimates," "should," "plans," "targets," "intends," "could," or "anticipates," or the negative thereof, or other variations thereon, or comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategy or objectives. Forward-looking statements can also be identified by the fact that these statements do not relate strictly to historical or current matters. Rather, forward-looking statements relate to anticipated or expected events, activities, trends or results. Because forward-looking statements relate to matters that have not yet occurred, these statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties.

Forward-looking statements in this quarterly report include, without limitation, the Company's expectations of earnings per share, earnings growth, expansion strategies, the impact of new or existing regulations, store openings, liquidity (including the availability of capital under existing credit facilities), cash flow, consumer demand for the Company's products and services, income tax rates, currency exchange rates, future share repurchases and anticipated dividend payments, the price of gold and the impacts thereof, future earnings accretion and related transaction expenses from acquisitions and mergers, the successful completion of expected acquisitions, anticipated debt repayments, the ability to successfully integrate acquisitions and other performance results. These forward-looking statements with respect to the proposed transaction with Cash America include, without limitation, the benefits of the proposed transaction and the expected completion of the transaction. These statements are made to provide the public with management's current assessment of the Company's business. Although the Company believes the expectations reflected in forward-looking statements are reasonable, there can be no assurances such expectations will prove to be accurate. Security holders are cautioned such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. Certain factors may cause results to differ materially from those anticipated by the forward-looking statements made in this quarterly report. Such factors are difficult to predict and many are beyond the control of the Company and may include, without limitation, the following:

- changes in foreign currency exchange rates and the U.S. dollar to the Mexican peso and Guatemalan quetzal exchange rates in particular;
- new federal, state or local legislative initiatives or governmental regulations (or changes to existing laws and regulations) affecting pawn businesses, consumer loan businesses and credit services organizations (in the United States, Mexico, Guatemala and El Salvador), including administrative or legal interpretations thereto;
- changes in consumer demand, including purchasing, borrowing and repayment behaviors;
- changes in regional, national or international economic conditions, including inflation rates, unemployment rates and energy prices;
- changes in pawn forfeiture rates and credit loss provisions;
- changes in the market value of pawn collateral and merchandise inventories, including gold prices and the value of consumer electronics and other products;
- changes or increases in competition;
- the ability to locate, open and staff new stores and successfully integrate acquisitions;
- the availability or access to sources of used merchandise inventory;
- changes in credit markets, interest rates and the ability to establish, renew and/or extend the Company's debt financing;
- the ability to maintain banking relationships for treasury services and processing of certain consumer lending transactions;
- the ability to hire and retain key management personnel;
- risks and uncertainties related to foreign operations in Mexico, Guatemala and El Salvador;
- changes in import/export regulations and tariffs or duties;
- changes in banking, anti-money laundering or gun control regulations;
- unforeseen litigation;
- changes in tax rates or policies in the U.S., Mexico, Guatemala and El Salvador;
- inclement weather, natural disasters and public health issues;
- security breaches, cyber attacks or fraudulent activity;
- a prolonged interruption in the Company's operations of its facilities, systems, and business functions, including its information technology and other business systems;

- the implementation of new, or changes in the interpretation of existing, accounting principles or financial reporting requirements;
- future business decisions;
- the risk that the required stockholder approvals to approve the proposed transaction with Cash America may not be obtained;
- the risks that the other condition(s) to closing of the proposed transaction may not be satisfied;
- the length of time necessary to consummate the proposed transaction;
- the conditions to closing the 2016 Credit Facility (as defined below) may not be satisfied;
- the risk that the Company and the Cash America businesses will not be integrated successfully;
- the risk that the cost savings, synergies, growth and cash flows from the proposed transaction may not be fully realized or may take longer to realize than expected;
- the diversion of management time on transaction-related issues;
- the risk that costs associated with the integration of the Company and Cash America are higher than anticipated; and
- litigation risk related to the proposed transaction.

These and other risks, uncertainties and regulatory developments are further and more completely described in (i) the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 17, 2016, including the risks described in Part 1, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" of the Company's annual report, (ii) Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" of this quarterly report and (iii) with respect to the risks associated with the proposed transaction, the definitive joint proxy statement/prospectus that is included in the registration statement on Form S-4 that was filed by the Company with the SEC in connection with the proposed transaction, described under the heading "Risk Factors." Many of these risks and uncertainties are beyond the ability of the Company to control, nor can the Company predict, in many cases, all of the risks and uncertainties that could cause its actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this quarterly report speak only as of the date of this quarterly report, and the Company expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to report any updates or revisions to any such statement to reflect any change in the Company's expectations or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based, except as required by law.

## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## **ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# FIRST CASH FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited, in thousands)

		Jun	,	December 31,		
		<u>2016</u>		2015		2015
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,274	\$	77,430	\$	86,954
Pawn loan fees and service charges receivable		18,259		17,611		16,406
Pawn loans		134,658		124,969		117,601
Consumer loans, net		1,060		1,070		1,118
Inventories		91,861		88,080		93,458
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		7,781		3,853		9,897
Total current assets		299,893		313,013		325,434
Property and equipment, net		123,895		111,754		112,447
Goodwill		312,488		300,378		295,609
Other non-current assets		9,608		10,738		10,084
Deferred tax assets		10,720		8,687		9,321
Total assets	\$	756,604	\$	744,570	\$	752,895
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	51,056	\$	39,496	\$	42,252
Income taxes payable		1,559		1,333		3,923
Total current liabilities		52,615		40,829		46,175
Revolving unsecured credit facilities		50,500		56,000		58,000
Senior unsecured notes		196,203		195,564		195,874
Deferred tax liabilities		23,800		18,322		21,464
Total liabilities		323,118		310,715		321,513
Stockholders' equity:						
Preferred stock						
Common stock		403		399		403
Additional paid-in capital		203,414		193,977		202,393
Retained earnings		661,390		613,021		643,604
Accumulated other comprehensive loss from		(05.140)		(52.02.4)		(70.410)
cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments		(95,113)		(53,934)		(78,410)
Common stock held in treasury, at cost		(336,608)		(319,608)	_	(336,608)
Total stockholders' equity	-	433,486	-	433,855		431,382
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	756,604	\$	744,570	\$	752,895

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## FIRST CASH FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(unaudited, in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Mo			Six Months Ended June 30,				
		e 30,			e 30,			
-	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		
Revenue:								
Retail merchandise sales	\$ 115,543	\$	105,625	\$ 234,319	\$	216,079		
Pawn loan fees	51,878		47,583	103,311		96,237		
Consumer loan and credit services fees	4,916		6,710	10,602		14,305		
Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue	 9,642		7,705	 16,950		17,025		
Total revenue	 181,979		167,623	 365,182		343,646		
Cost of revenue:								
Cost of retail merchandise sold	71,345		65,636	145,767		133,882		
Consumer loan and credit services loss provision	1,320		1,709	2,367		2,706		
Cost of wholesale scrap jewelry sold	7,853		6,232	13,724		14,241		
Total cost of revenue	 80,518		73,577	 161,858				
	 00,510		/3,3//	 101,030		150,829		
Net revenue	101,461		94,046	203,324		192,817		
					-			
Expenses and other income:								
Store operating expenses	54,578		51,746	109,989		104,067		
Administrative expenses	16,509		13,559	33,777		27,332		
Merger and acquisition expenses	4,079		1,110	4,479		1,175		
Depreciation and amortization	4,947		4,467	9,884		9,014		
Interest expense	4,326		4,126	8,786		8,146		
Interest income	(224)		(393)	(498)		(737)		
Total expenses and other income	 84,215		74,615	166,417		148,997		
Income before income taxes	17,246		19,431	36,907		43,820		
Provision for income taxes	 5,573		6,092	 12,060		13,693		
Net income	\$ 11,673	\$	13,339	\$ 24,847	\$	30,127		
Net income per share:								
Basic	\$ 0.41	\$	0.47	\$ 0.88	\$	1.06		
Diluted	\$ 0.41	\$	0.47	\$ 0.88	\$	1.06		
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.125	\$	_	\$ 0.25	\$	_		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## FIRST CASH FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Three Mo	Ended	Six Months Ended				
	 Jun			Jun	,		
	<u>2016</u>			<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Net income	\$ 11,673	\$	13,339	\$	24,847	\$	30,127
Other comprehensive income (loss):							
Currency translation adjustment	 (14,214)		(6,657)		(16,703)		(13,656)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (2,541)	\$	6,682	\$	8,144	\$	16,471

The accompanying notes are an integral part

of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## FIRST CASH FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(unaudited, in thousands)

		ferred tock <u>Amo</u>	ount		mmon itock <u>Amount</u>		Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accum- ulated Other Compre- hensive Loss		non Stock in Treasury <u>Amount</u>	Total Stock- holders' Equity
Balance at 12/31/2015	_	\$		40,288	\$	403	\$ 202,393	\$ 643,604	\$ (78,410)	12,052	\$ (336,608)	\$ 431,382
Shares issued under share- based com- pensation plan			_	7			_	_	_	_	_	_
Share-based compensation expense	_		_	_		_	1,021	_	_	_	_	1,021
Net income	_		_	_		_		24,847	_		_	24,847
Dividends paid	—		—	_		—	_	(7,061)	_	_	_	(7,061)
Currency translation adjustment	_		_			_			(16,703)	_		(16,703)
Balance at 6/30/2016		\$	_	40,295	\$	403	\$ 203,414	\$ 661,390	\$ (95,113)	12,052	\$ (336,608)	\$ 433,486

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# FIRST CASH FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

CONTINUED

(unaudited, in thousands)

		ferrec	1		Common Stock			Retained Earnings	Accum- ulated Other Compre- hensive Loss	Comi Held i	Total Stock- holders' Equity	
	<u>Shares</u>	Am	ount	<u>Shares</u>	An	nount				<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	
Balance at 12/31/2014	_	\$	_	39,708	\$	397	\$ 188,062	\$ 582,894	\$ (40,278)	11,200	\$ (296,634)	\$ 434,441
Shares issued under share- based com- pensation plan	_		_	5		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Exercise of stock options	_		_	145		2	2,899	_	_	_	_	2,901
Income tax benefit from exercise of stock options	_			_		_	1,617	_	_	_	_	1,617
Share-based compensation expense	_		_	_		_	1,399	_	_	_	_	1,399
Net income	_		_	_			_	30,127	_	_		30,127
Currency translation adjustment	_		_	_		_	_	_	(13,656)	_	_	(13,656)
Repurchases of treasury stock	_		_	_		_			_	463	(22,974)	(22,974)
Balance at 6/30/2015	_	\$	_	39,858	\$	399	\$ 193,977	\$ 613,021	\$ (53,934)	11,663	\$ (319,608)	\$ 433,855

The accompanying notes are an integral part

of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## FIRST CASH FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited, in thousands)

(unaddited, in mousaids)			
	Six Mon	ths E	Inded
	 Jun	e 30,	
	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Cash flow from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 24,847	\$	30,127
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flow provided by operating activities:			
Non-cash portion of credit loss provision	417		208
Share-based compensation expense	1,021		1,399
Depreciation and amortization expense	9,884		9,014
Amortization of debt issuance costs	462		484
Deferred income taxes	2,562		983
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of business combinations:			
Pawn fees and service charges receivable	(1,541)		(935)
Merchandise inventories	599		1,032
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,899		459
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(650)		(2,672)
Income taxes payable	 (1,927)		1,810
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	39,573		41,909
Cash flow from investing activities:			
Loan receivables, net of cash repayments	(9,466)		(3,971)
Purchases of property and equipment	(17,073)		(8,600)
Acquisitions of pawn stores, net of cash acquired	(27,653)		(31,600)
Net cash flow used in investing activities	 (54,192)		(44,171)
Cash flow from financing activities:			
Borrowings from revolving credit facilities	29,500		63,055
Repayments of revolving credit facilities	(37,000)		(29,455)
Repayments of notes payable	(6,532)		_
Debt issuance costs paid	(23)		
Purchases of treasury stock	_		(22,974)
Proceeds from exercise of share-based compensation awards	_		2,901
Income tax benefit from exercise of stock options	_		1,617
Dividends paid	(7,061)		_
Net cash flow provided by (used in) financing activities	 (21,116)		15,144
Effect of exchange rates on cash	(4,945)		(3,444)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	 (40,680)		9,438
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	86,954		67,992
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	\$ 46,274	\$	77,430

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### FIRST CASH FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2015, which is derived from audited financial statements, and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, include the accounts of First Cash Financial Services, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (together, the "Company"). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

These unaudited consolidated financial statements are condensed and do not include all disclosures and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for complete financial statements. These interim period financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements, which are included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on February 17, 2016. The condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, are unaudited, but in management's opinion include all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flow for such interim periods. Operating results for the periods ended June 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full fiscal year.

The Company manages its pawn and consumer loan operations under three operating segments: U.S. pawn operations, U.S. consumer loan operations and Latin America pawn and consumer loan operations. The three operating segments have been aggregated into one reportable segment because they have similar economic characteristics and similar long-term financial performance metrics. Additionally, all three segments offer similar and overlapping products and services to a similar customer demographic and are supported by a single, centralized administrative support platform.

The Company has significant operations in Mexico and Guatemala to a lesser extent, where the functional currency is the Mexican peso and Guatemalan quetzal, respectively. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of these subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect at each balance sheet date, and the resulting adjustments are accumulated in other comprehensive income (loss) as a separate component of stockholders' equity. Revenue and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates occurring during the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016. The Company also has operations in El Salvador where the reporting and functional currency is the U.S. dollar.

#### Revisions and Reclassifications

Certain amounts for the periods ended June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2015 have been reclassified in order to conform to the 2016 presentation. See "— Recent accounting pronouncements" below regarding the impact of the Company's adoption of ASU No. 2015-03, "Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs" ("ASU 2015-03") on the classification of debt issuance costs in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. In addition, after the impact of the revision to deferred tax assets described below, the Company's adoption of ASU No. 2015-17 "Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes" at December 31, 2015 resulted in a \$7,009,000 decrease in current deferred tax assets, a \$25,331,000 increase in noncurrent deferred tax assets and a \$18,322,000 increase in non-current deferred tax liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2015.

The Company revised certain previously reported amounts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 for the correction of prior period errors. ASC 740 "Income Taxes," provides an exception to recording deferred tax attributes associated with foreign currency translation adjustments, which are recorded in comprehensive income. In July 2013, the Company terminated an election to include foreign subsidiaries in its consolidated U.S. federal income tax return and it is the Company's intent to indefinitely reinvest the earnings of these subsidiaries outside the U.S. The Company had incorrectly recorded a deferred tax asset on these accumulated foreign currency translation adjustments in prior periods. The correction of the error resulted in a reduction in comprehensive income of \$2,330,000 and \$4,780,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and a decrease in deferred tax assets with a corresponding increase in accumulated other comprehensive loss from cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments of \$18,890,000 as of June 30, 2015, but had no impact on the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income or cash flows. In addition, see Note 7 for a description of revisions made to the condensed consolidating guarantor financial

statements. The Company has evaluated the effects of these errors, both qualitatively and quantitatively, and concluded that they did not have a material impact on any previously issued financial statements.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)" ("ASU 2014-09"). ASU 2014-09 is a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires a company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 also requires additional disclosures about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. In August 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2015-14 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)," which delayed the effective date of ASU 2014-09 by one year. In addition, between March 2016 and May 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2016-08, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers - Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting revenue gross versus net)" ("ASU 2016-08"), ASU No. 2016-10, "Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing" ("ASU 2016-10") and ASU No. 2016-12, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients" ("ASU 2014-09, ASU 2014-09, ASU 2016-10 and ASU 2016-12 clarify certain aspects of ASU 2014-09 and provide additional implementation guidance. ASU 2014-09, ASU 2016-08, ASU 2016-10 and ASU 2016-12 become effective for annual reporting periods (including interim periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2017 for public companies. Early adoption is permitted but not before annual reporting periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2017 for public companies. Early adoption is permitted but not before annual reporting periods through an alternative transition model. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of ASU 2014-09, ASU 2016-08, A

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2015-03, which requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the related debt liability instead of being presented as an asset. In August 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2015-15, which clarified the guidance in ASU 2015-03 regarding presentation and subsequent measurement of debt issuance costs related to line-of-credit arrangements. The SEC Staff announced they would not object to an entity deferring and presenting debt issuance costs as an asset and subsequently amortizing the deferred debt issuance costs ratably over the term of the line of credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings on the line-of-credit arrangement. ASU 2015-03 requires retrospective application and represents a change in accounting principle. ASU 2015-03 became effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of ASU 2015-03 resulted in a \$3,797,000, \$4,436,000 and \$4,126,000 decrease in other non-current assets and senior unsecured notes in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2016, 2015 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The Company elected to present debt issuance costs related to the Company's revolving unsecured credit facilities as an asset as allowed in ASU 2015-15.

In July 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2015-11, "Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory" ("ASU 2015-11"). ASU 2015-11 requires inventory be measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. ASU 2015-11 defines net realizable value as the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. Inventory measured using last-in, first-out ("LIFO") or the retail inventory method are excluded from the scope of this update. ASU 2015-11 requires prospective application and is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect ASU 2015-11 to have a material effect on the Company's current financial position, results of operations or financial statement disclosures.

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" ("ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 requires a lessee to recognize, in the statement of financial position, a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-to-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. Leases will be classified as either financing or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. Lessor accounting remains largely unchanged. ASU 2016-02 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. An entity will be required to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of ASU 2016-02 on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2016-09, "Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718), Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting" ("ASU 2016-09"). Under ASU 2016-09, companies will no longer record excess tax benefits and certain tax deficiencies in additional paid-in capital ("APIC"). Instead, they will record all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement and the APIC pools will be

eliminated. In addition, ASU 2016-09 eliminates the requirement that excess tax benefits be realized before companies can recognize them. ASU 2016-09 also requires companies to present excess tax benefits as an operating activity on the statement of cash flows rather than as a financing activity. Furthermore, ASU 2016-09 will increase the amount an employer can withhold to cover income taxes on awards and still qualify for the exception to liability classification for shares used to satisfy the employer's statutory income tax withholding obligation. An employer with a statutory income tax withholding obligation will now be allowed to withhold shares with a fair value up to the amount of taxes owed using the maximum statutory tax rate in the employee's applicable jurisdiction(s). ASU 2016-09 requires a company to classify the cash paid to a tax authority when shares are withheld to satisfy its statutory income tax withholding obligation as a financing activity on the statement of cash flows. Under current GAAP, it was not specified how these cash flows should be classified. In addition, companies will now have to elect whether to account for forfeitures on share-based payments by (1) recognizing forfeitures of awards as they occur or (2) estimating the number of awards expected to be forfeited and adjusting the estimate when it is likely to change, as is currently required. ASU 2016-09 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of ASU 2016-09 on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" ("ASU 2016-13"). ASU 2016-13 amends the impairment model by requiring entities to use a forward-looking approach based on expected losses to estimate credit losses on certain types of financial instruments, including trade receivables. ASU 2016-13 is effective for public entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of ASU 2016-13 on its consolidated financial statements.

#### Note 2 - Merger

On April 28, 2016, the Company and Cash America International, Inc. ("Cash America"), a Texas corporation, announced the execution of an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") entered into among the Company, Cash America and Frontier Merger Sub, LLC ("Merger Sub"), a Texas limited liability company and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, the companies will combine in an all-stock merger of equals (the "Merger"). Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, Cash America will merge with and into Merger Sub, with Merger Sub continuing as the surviving entity and remaining a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Upon completion of the transaction, the combined company will be named FirstCash, Inc. and will be headquartered in Fort Worth, Texas.

Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, which was unanimously approved by the boards of directors of both the Company and Cash America, each holder of Cash America common stock will receive a fixed exchange ratio of 0.84 shares of the Company's common stock for each Cash America share they own. Following the close of the transaction, the Company's stockholders will own approximately 58% of the combined company, and Cash America's shareholders will own approximately 42%.

On July 26, 2016, the Company and Cash America issued a joint press release announcing that the waiting period under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 ("HSR Act"), with respect to the Merger, has expired, concluding antitrust review of the transaction under the HSR Act and the entry by the Company into a \$400,000,000 unsecured revolving bank credit facility for the combined company, which will become effective upon the completion of the Merger subject to the satisfaction of customary closing conditions (see Note 5 for additional information).

In connection with the proposed Merger between the Company and Cash America, the Company and Cash America filed a definitive joint proxy statement/prospectus with the SEC on August 1, 2016. The definitive joint proxy statement/prospectus was also included in a registration statement on Form S-4 that was filed by the Company and declared effective by the SEC on July 29, 2016. The definitive joint proxy statement/prospectus relates to a special meeting of shareholders to be held by each the Company and Cash America on August 31, 2016 to vote on matters in connection with the proposed Merger.

The Merger is expected to close in the third quarter of 2016, subject to the approval of both companies' stockholders and the satisfaction of customary closing conditions. See Part II, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" for additional information.

The Company is considered to be the accounting acquirer and as such, the closing date purchase consideration will be allocated to the fair value of Cash America assets and liabilities. Transaction costs associated with the Merger are being expensed as incurred and are presented in the condensed consolidated statements of income as merger and acquisition expenses. These expenses include investment banking, legal, accounting, and related third party costs associated with the Merger, including preparation for regulatory filings and shareholder approvals. Certain fees are contingent on the Merger closing. Pro forma information and the allocation of purchase price will be provided following completion of the Merger.

#### Note 3 - Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (unaudited, in thousands, except per share data):

	Three Mo Jun	nths e 30,			nded		
	 <u>2016</u>		2015		<u>2016</u>		2015
Numerator:							
Net income	\$ 11,673	\$	13,339	\$	24,847	\$	30,127
Denominator:							
Weighted-average common shares for calculating basic earnings per share	28,243		28,196		28,242		28,299
Effect of dilutive securities:							
Stock options and nonvested awards	_		215		_		216
Weighted-average common shares for calculating diluted earnings per share	28,243		28,411		28,242		28,515
Net income per share:							
Basic	\$ 0.41	\$	0.47	\$	0.88	\$	1.06
Diluted	\$ 0.41	\$	0.47	\$	0.88	\$	1.06

#### **Note 4 - Acquisitions**

The Company completed acquisitions during the six months ended June 30, 2016, as described below, consistent with its strategy to continue its expansion of pawn stores in selected markets. The purchase price of each acquisition was allocated to assets and liabilities acquired based upon their estimated fair market values at the date of acquisition. The excess purchase price over the estimated fair market value of the net assets acquired has been recorded as goodwill. The goodwill arising from these acquisitions consists largely of the synergies and economies of scale expected from combining the operations of the Company and the pawn stores acquired.

Consistent with the Company's strategy to continue its expansion of pawn stores in Latin America, the Company acquired the operating entity owning the pawn loans, inventory, layaways and other operating assets and liabilities of 166 pawn stores located in Mexico on January 6, 2016 and the assets of 13 pawn stores located in El Salvador on February 2, 2016 in related transactions (collectively the "Latin America Acquisition"). The combined purchase price for the all-cash transaction was \$30,123,000, net of cash acquired before certain post-closing adjustments. Subsequent to the acquisition, \$229,000 of post closing adjustments were identified, resulting in a combined purchase price of \$29,894,000, net of cash acquired and subject to further post-closing adjustments. The purchase was composed of \$26,254,000 in cash paid during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and remaining payables to the sellers of approximately \$3,640,000. In addition, the Company assumed approximately \$6,630,000 in peso-denominated debt from these acquisitions which was repaid in full by the Company in January 2016. The estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are preliminary, as the Company is gathering information to finalize the valuation of these assets and liabilities. The assets, liabilities and results of operations of the locations are included in the Company's consolidated results as of the acquisition dates.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, one pawn store located in the U.S. was acquired by the Company ("U.S. Acquisition") for an all-cash aggregate purchase price of \$824,000, net of cash acquired. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company also paid \$575,000 of purchase price amounts payable related to prior-year acquisitions.

The preliminary allocations of the purchase prices for the Company's acquisitions during the six months ended June 30, 2016 (the "2016 acquisitions") are as follows (in thousands):

	 in America equisition	U.S. Acquisiti	on	Total
Pawn loans	\$ 10,586	\$ 13	38	\$ 10,724
Pawn loan fees and service charges receivable	885		6	891
Inventory	3,031	ç	98	3,129
Other current assets	2,039	-		2,039
Property and equipment	6,950	-	10	6,960
Goodwill <sup>(1)</sup>	19,666	58	30	20,246
Intangible assets <sup>(2)</sup>	405	-	16	421
Other non-current assets	512	-		512
Deferred tax assets	2,392	-		2,392
Current liabilities	(9,942)	(2	24)	(9,966)
Notes payable	(6,630)	-	_	(6,630)
Purchase price	\$ 29,894	\$ 82	24	\$ 30,718

(1) Substantially all of the goodwill for the U.S. Acquisition is expected to be deductible for U.S. income tax purposes. However, the goodwill for the Latin America Acquisition is not expected to be deductible for Mexico and El Salvador income tax purposes.

(2) Intangible assets primarily consist of customer relationships, which are included in other non-current assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Customer relationships are generally amortized over five years.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, revenue from the 2016 acquisitions since the acquisition dates was \$23,622,000. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the net earnings from the 2016 acquisitions since the acquisition dates (excluding acquisition and integration costs) was \$1,818,000. Combined transaction and integration costs related to the 2016 acquisitions and the Merger were approximately \$4,479,000, which are included in merger and acquisition expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information reflects the consolidated results of operations of the Company as if all the above acquisitions had occurred on January 1, 2015. The unaudited pro forma financial information has been prepared for informational purposes only and does not purport to be indicative of what would have resulted had the acquisition occurred on the date indicated or what may result in the future (in thousands, except per share data):

		Six Mont June 3				Six Mon June 3	 
	As	<u>Reported</u>	P	ro Forma	A	<u>s Reported</u>	<u>Pro Forma</u>
Total revenue	\$	365,182	\$	366,463	\$	343,646	\$ 371,300
Net income		24,847		24,894		30,127	30,663
Net income per share:							
Basic	\$	0.88	\$	0.88	\$	1.06	\$ 1.08
Diluted		0.88		0.88		1.06	1.08

#### Note 5 - Long-Term Debt

#### Senior Unsecured Notes

On March 24, 2014, the Company issued \$200,000,000 of 6.75% senior notes due on April 1, 2021 (the "Notes") all of which are currently outstanding. Interest on the Notes is payable semi-annually in arears on April 1 and October 1. The Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis jointly and severally by all of the Company's existing and future domestic subsidiaries that guarantee the 2015 Credit Facility (as defined below). The Notes permit the Company to make certain restricted payments, such as repurchasing shares of its stock and paying cash dividends, within certain parameters, the most restrictive of which generally limits such restricted payments to 50% of adjusted net income. As of June 30, 2016, 2015 and December 31, 2015, deferred debt issuance costs of \$3,797,000, \$4,436,000 and \$4,126,000, respectively, are included as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the Notes in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### **Revolving Credit Facilities**

At June 30, 2016, the Company maintained a line of credit with a group of U.S. based commercial lenders (the "2015 Credit Facility") in the amount of \$210,000,000, which matures in October 2020. At June 30, 2016, the Company had \$50,500,000 outstanding under the 2015 Credit Facility and \$159,500,000 was available for borrowings. The 2015 Credit Facility bears interest, at the Company's option, at either (i) the prevailing London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") (with interest periods of 1, 2, 3 or 6 months at the Company's option) plus a fixed spread of 2.5% or (ii) the prevailing prime or base rate plus a fixed spread of 1.5%. The 2015 Credit Facility requires a minimum LIBOR rate of 0%. Additionally, the Company is required to pay an annual commitment fee of 0.50% on the average daily unused portion of the 2015 Credit Facility commitment. The weighted-average interest rate on amounts outstanding under the 2015 Credit Facility at June 30, 2016 was 3.00% based on 30-day LIBOR. The 2015 Credit Facility requires the Company's first-tier foreign subsidiaries (the "Equity Pledge"). The 2015 Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with certain financial covenants and allows the Company to make certain restricted payments, such as repurchasing shares of its stock and paying cash dividends, within certain parameters, provided the Company maintains compliance with those financial ratios and covenants after giving effect to such restricted payments. The Company was in compliance with the requirements and covenants of the 2015 Credit Facility as of June 30, 2016, the Company maintaine ertain financial covenants of \$7,500,000 pursuant to the 2015 Credit Facility as of June 30, 2016, the Company made net payments of \$7,500,000 pursuant to the 2015 Credit Facility.

On July 25, 2016, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement to replace the 2015 Credit Facility (as amended, the "2016 Credit Facility"). The 2016 Credit Facility does not become effective until the closing of the Merger and the satisfaction of customary closing conditions. The total lender commitment under the 2016 Credit Facility will increase from \$210,000,000 to \$400,000,000 and the number of participating lenders will increase from five to eight. Additionally, the term of the 2016 Credit Facility will be extended to five years from the closing date of the Merger and will be unsecured as the Equity Pledge will be released upon the effectiveness of the 2016 Credit Facility. The 2016 Credit Facility will bear interest, at the Company's option, at either (i) LIBOR (with interest periods of 1 week or 1, 2, 3 or 6 months at the Company's option) plus a fixed spread of 2.5% or (ii) the prevailing prime or base rate plus a fixed spread of 1.5%. The agreement has a LIBOR floor of 0%. Additionally, the Company will be required to pay an annual commitment fee of 0.50% on the average daily unused portion of the 2016 Credit Facility commitment. Under the terms of the 2016 Credit Facility, the Company will be required to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with certain financial covenants and will allow the Company to make certain restricted payments, such as repurchasing shares of its stock, within certain parameters provided the Company maintains compliance with those financial ratios and covenants after giving effect to such restricted payments. Additionally, the Company will be required to maintain a minimum level of liquidity, as defined in the 2016 Credit Facility, to the extent any principal amount under Cash America's 5.75% senior notes due May 15, 2018 remains outstanding upon completion of the Merger.

At June 30, 2016, the Company maintained a line of credit with a bank in Mexico (the "Mexico Credit Facility") in the amount of \$10,000,000. The Mexico Credit Facility bears interest at 30-day LIBOR plus a fixed spread of 2.0% and matures in December 2017. Under the terms of the Mexico Credit Facility, the Company is required to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with certain financial covenants. The Company is required to pay a one-time commitment fee of \$25,000 due when the first amount is drawn/borrowed. At June 30, 2016, the Company had no amount outstanding under the Mexico Credit Facility and \$10,000,000 was available for borrowings.

#### Note 6 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is determined by reference to various market data and other valuation techniques, as appropriate. Financial assets and liabilities are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of the fair value of assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. The three fair value levels are (from highest to lowest):

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

- Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

As cash and cash equivalents have maturities of less than three months, the carrying values of cash and cash equivalents approximate fair value (Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy). Due to their short-term maturities, pawn loans, consumer loans (net) and pawn loan fees and service charges receivable approximate fair value (Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy).

The carrying value of the Company's prior credit facility approximated fair value as of June 30, 2015. The carrying value of the Company's current credit facilities (the 2015 Credit Facility and the Mexico Credit Facility) approximated fair value as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. The fair value of the Notes was approximately \$202,000,000, \$211,000,000 and \$199,000,000 as of June 30, 2016, 2015 and December 31, 2015, respectively, compared to a carrying value of \$196,203,000, \$195,564,000 and \$195,874,000, respectively. These fair values have been estimated based on a discounted cash flow analysis using a discount rate representing the Company's estimate of the rate that would be used by market participants (Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy). Changes in assumptions or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on these estimated fair values.

#### Note 7 - Condensed Consolidating Guarantor Financial Statements

In connection with the issuance of the Notes, certain of the Company's domestic subsidiaries (collectively, "Guarantor Subsidiaries"), fully, unconditionally, jointly and severally guaranteed the payment obligations under the Notes. Each of the Guarantor Subsidiaries is 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by the Company. The following supplemental financial information sets forth, on a consolidating basis, the balance sheets, statements of comprehensive income (loss) and statements of cash flows of First Cash Financial Services, Inc. (the "Parent Company"), the Guarantor Subsidiaries and the Parent Company's other subsidiaries (the "Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries").

The supplemental condensed consolidating financial information has been prepared pursuant to SEC rules and regulations for interim condensed financial information and does not include the more complete disclosures included in annual financial statements. Investments in consolidated subsidiaries have been presented under the equity method of accounting. The principal eliminating entries eliminate investments in subsidiaries, intercompany balances and intercompany revenues and expenses. The condensed financial information may not necessarily be indicative of the results of operations or financial position had the Guarantor Subsidiaries or Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries operated as independent entities.

## **Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet**

June 30, 2016

(unaudited, in thousands)

ASSETS         Image: Cash and cash equivalents         \$         7,505         \$         2,618         \$         36,151         \$		Parent Company		Guarantor Subsidiaries		Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Consolidating Eliminations		Consolidated	
Pawn loan fees and service charges receivable         -         7,124         11,135         -         18,259           Pawn loans         -         58,756         75,902         -         134,658           Consumer loans, net         -         606         444         -         10,000           Inventories         -         39,341         52,520         -         91,861           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         5,678         -         2,103         -         7,781           Intercompany receivable         6,604         -         1,639         (8,443)         -         99,933           Goodwill         -         19,881         179,904         (8,443)         -         123,895           Goodwill         -         196,804         115,684         -         312,488           Other non-current assets         1,155         4,349         4,104         -         9,608           Deferred tax assets         -         -         10,720         -         10,720           Investments in subsidiaries         671,530         -         -         10,720         -         10,720           STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY         -         10,529         3,217         \$ 26,54	ASSETS										
charges receivable       —       7,124       11,135       —       18,259         Pawn loans       —       58,756       75,902       —       134,658         Consumer loans, net       —       606       454       —       10,060         Inventories       —       39,341       52,520       —       91,861         Prepaid expenses and other current assets       5,678       —       2,103       —       7,781         Intercompany receivable       6,804       —       1639       (8,443)       —       7,781         Intercompany receivable       6,804       —       106,804       115,904       (8,443)       —       9,893         Property and equipment, net       3,983       63,272       56,640       —       123,895         Goodwill       —       196,804       115,684       —       312,488         Other non-current assets       1,155       4,349       4,104       —       9,608         Deferred tax assets       —       —       10,720       —       10,720         Investments in subsidiaries       671,530       —       —       6671,530       —       \$         S       16,293       \$ 8,217       \$ 367,052	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,505	\$	2,618	\$	36,151	\$		\$	46,274
Consumer loans, net        606       454        1,060         Inventories        39,341       52,520        91,861         Prepaid expenses and other current assets       5,678        2,103        7,781         Intercompany receivable       6,804        1,639       (8,443)       299,893         Total current assets       19,987       108,445       179,904       (8,443)       299,893         Goodwill        196,804       115,684        312,488         Other non-current assets       1,155       4,349       4,104       -       9,608         Deferred tax assets        -       10,720        10,720         Investments in subsidiaries       671,530        -       10,720          Total assets       -       -       10,720        10,720          Investments in subsidiaries       671,530       -       -       10,720        10,720         StoCKHOLDERS' EQUITY       -       -       10,720        1,559       -       \$       51,056         Intercompany payable       -			_		7,124		11,135		_		18,259
Inventories       —       39,341       52,520       —       91,861         Prepaid expenses and other current assets       5,678       —       2,103       —       7,781         Intercompany receivable       6,804       —       1,639       (8,443)       —       7,781         Intercompany receivable       6,804       —       1,639       (8,443)       —       7,781         Intercompany receivable       6,804       —       1,639       (8,443)       299,893         Property and equipment, net       3,983       63,272       56,640       —       123,895         Godwill       —       196,804       115,684       —       312,488         Other non-current assets       1,155       4,349       4,104       —       9,608         Deferred tax assets       —       —       10,720       —       10,720         Investments in subsidiaries       671,530       —       —       (671,530)       —         Income taxes payable       —       —       10,720       —       1,559         Income taxes payable       —       —       1,559       —       \$       51,056         Income taxes payable       —       —       1,559	Pawn loans		_		58,756		75,902		_		134,658
Prepaid expenses and other current assets         5,678         —         2,103         —         7,781           Intercompany receivable         6,804         —         1,639         (8,443)         —           Total current assets         19,987         108,445         179,904         (8,443)         299,893           Property and equipment, net         3,983         63,272         56,640         —         123,895           Goodwill         —         196,804         115,684         —         9,608           Other non-current assets         1,155         4,349         4,104         —         9,608           Deferred tax assets         —         —         10,720         —         10,720           Investments in subsidiaries         671,530         —         —         (671,530)         —           Total assets         §         696,655         §         372,870         §         367,052         §         (679,973)         §         756,604           LLABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY         —         —         1,559         —         \$         51,056           Income taxes payable         —         —         8,217         \$         26,546         \$         —	Consumer loans, net		_		606		454		_		1,060
current assets         5,678         —         2,103         —         7,781           Intercompany receivable         6,804         —         1,639         (8,443)         —           Total current assets         19,987         108,445         179,904         (8,443)         299,893           Property and equipment, net         3,983         63,272         56,640         —         123,895           Goodwill         —         196,804         115,684         —         312,488           Other non-current assets         1,155         4,349         4,104         —         9,608           Deferred tax assets         —         —         10,720         —         10,720           Investments in subsidiaries         671,530         —         —         (671,530)         —           Total assets         §         696,655         §         367,052         §         (679,973)         §         756,604           Income taxes payable and accrued         iabilities         §         16,293         8,217         \$ 26,546         \$         —         \$ 51,056           Income taxes payable         —         —         1,559         —         \$ 51,056           Incoreme taxes payable	Inventories		_		39,341		52,520		—		91,861
Total current assets       19,987       108,445       179,904       (8,443)       299,893         Property and equipment, net       3,983       63,272       56,640        123,895         Goodwill        196,804       115,684        312,488         Other non-current assets       1,155       4,349       4,104        9,608         Deferred tax assets         10,720        10,720         Investments in subsidiaries       671,530         (671,530)          Total assets       \$       696,655       \$       372,870       \$       367,052       \$       (679,973)       \$       756,604         LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY         (671,530)         \$       51,056         Income taxes payable and accrued liabilities       \$       16,293       \$       8,217       \$       26,546       \$        \$       51,056         Income taxes payable        -       1,559        \$       51,056         Income taxes payable        -       8,217       36,548       (8,443)       <			5,678		_		2,103				7,781
Property and equipment, net         3,983         63,272         56,640         —         123,895           Goodwill         —         196,804         115,684         —         312,488           Other non-current assets         1,155         4,349         4,104         —         9,608           Deferred tax assets         —         —         10,720         —         10,720           Investments in subsidiaries         671,530         —         —         (671,530)         —           Total assets         §         696,655         §         372,870         §         367,052         §         (679,973)         §         756,604           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY         -         .	Intercompany receivable		6,804				1,639		(8,443)		_
Goodwill—196,804115,684—312,488Other non-current assets1,1554,3494,104—9,608Deferred tax assets——10,720—10,720Investments in subsidiaries $671,530$ ——( $671,530$ )—Total assets§696,655§ $372,870$ § $367,052$ §( $679,973$ )§ $756,604$ LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY\$ $16,293$ \$ $8,217$ \$ $26,546$ \$—\$ $51,056$ Income taxes payable and accrued liabilities\$ $16,293$ \$ $8,217$ \$ $26,546$ \$—\$ $51,056$ Income taxes payable—— $8,217$ \$ $26,546$ \$—\$ $51,056$ Income taxes payable—— $8,217$ $36,548$ ( $8,443$ )— $-1559$ Intercompany payable—— $8,217$ $36,548$ ( $8,443$ ) $-25,615$ Revolving unsecured credit facilities $50,500$ ——— $-96,203$ Deferred tax liabilities $106,203$ ——— $23,800$ Deferred tax liabilities $173$ $21,170$ $2,457$ — $23,800$ Total liabilities $263,169$ $29,387$ $39,005$ ( $671,530$ ) $433,486$ Total liabilities and $263,169$ $29,387$ $328,047$ ( $671,530$ ) $433,486$	Total current assets		19,987		108,445		179,904		(8,443)		299,893
Goodwill—196,804115,684—312,488Other non-current assets1,1554,3494,104—9,608Deferred tax assets——10,720—10,720Investments in subsidiaries $671,530$ ——( $671,530$ )—Total assets§ $696,655$ § $372,870$ § $367,052$ §( $679,973$ )§ $756,604$ LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY\$ $16,293$ \$ $8,217$ \$ $26,546$ \$—\$ $51,056$ Income taxes payable and accrued liabilities\$ $16,293$ \$ $8,217$ \$ $26,546$ \$—\$ $51,056$ Income taxes payable—— $8,217$ \$ $26,546$ \$—\$ $51,056$ Income taxes payable—— $8,217$ 36,548( $8,443$ )——Total current liabilities $16,293$ $8,217$ $36,548$ ( $8,443$ ) $ -$ Revolving unsecured credit facilities $50,500$ ——— $ 50,500$ Senior unsecured notes $196,203$ $-$ — $ 23,800$ $  23,800$ Deferred tax liabilities $173$ $21,170$ $2,457$ — $23,800$ Total liabilities $263,169$ $29,387$ $39,005$ $(671,530)$ $433,486$ Total liabilities and $    -$											
Other non-current assets1,1554,3494,1049,608Deferred tax assets10,72010,720Investments in subsidiaries671,530(671,530)Total assets\$696,655\$372,870\$367,052\$(679,973)\$756,604Investments in subsidiaries\$696,655\$372,870\$367,052\$(679,973)\$756,604Investments in subsidiaries\$696,655\$372,870\$367,052\$(671,530)ItaBILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY\$16,293\$8,217\$26,546\$\$51,056Income taxes payable and accrued liabilities16,293\$8,217\$26,546\$\$51,056Intercompany payable8,443(8,443)1,5591,559Intercompany payable8,443(8,443)50,500Senior unsecured credit facilities50,50023,800Deferred tax liabilities17321,1702,45723,800Total liabilities17329,38739,005(671,530)433,486Total liabilities and	Property and equipment, net		3,983		63,272		56,640		_		123,895
Deferred tax assets $$ $-10,720$ $$ $10,720$ Investments in subsidiaries $671,530$ $$ $(671,530)$ $$ Total assets       \$ $696,655$ \$ $372,870$ \$ $367,052$ \$ $(679,973)$ \$ $756,604$ LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY       -       - $$	Goodwill		_		196,804		115,684		_		312,488
Investments in subsidiaries671,530——(671,530)—Total assets\$696,655\$372,870\$367,052\$(679,973)\$756,604LLABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY </td <td>Other non-current assets</td> <td></td> <td>1,155</td> <td></td> <td>4,349</td> <td></td> <td>4,104</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>9,608</td>	Other non-current assets		1,155		4,349		4,104				9,608
Total assets       \$       696,655       \$       372,870       \$       367,052       \$       (679,973)       \$       756,604         LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	Deferred tax assets		—				10,720		_		10,720
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY16,2938,21726,546-\$Accounts payable and accrued liabilities\$16,2938,217\$26,546\$-\$Income taxes payable1,559-1,559Intercompany payable8,443(8,443)-Total current liabilities16,2938,21736,548(8,443)52,615Revolving unsecured credit facilities50,50050,500Senior unsecured notes196,203196,203Deferred tax liabilities17321,1702,457-23,800Total liabilities263,16929,38739,005(8,443)323,118Total stockholders' equity Total liabilities and433,486343,483328,047(671,530)433,486	Investments in subsidiaries		671,530		_		_		(671,530)		_
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITYAccounts payable and accrued liabilities\$ 16,293\$ 8,217\$ 26,546\$\$ 51,056Income taxes payable1,5591,559Intercompany payable8,443(8,443)Total current liabilities16,2938,21736,548(8,443)52,615Revolving unsecured credit facilities50,50050,500Senior unsecured notes196,203196,203Deferred tax liabilities17321,1702,45723,800Total liabilities263,16929,38739,005(8,443)323,118Total stockholders' equity433,486343,483328,047(671,530)433,486	Total assets	\$	696,655	\$	372,870	\$	367,052	\$	(679,973)	\$	756,604
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITYAccounts payable and accrued liabilities\$ 16,293\$ 8,217\$ 26,546\$\$ 51,056Income taxes payable1,5591,559Intercompany payable8,443(8,443)Total current liabilities16,2938,21736,548(8,443)52,615Revolving unsecured credit facilities50,50050,500Senior unsecured notes196,203196,203Deferred tax liabilities17321,1702,45723,800Total liabilities263,16929,38739,005(8,443)323,118Total stockholders' equity433,486343,483328,047(671,530)433,486				-							
liabilities       \$       16,293       \$       8,217       \$       26,546       \$        \$       51,056         Income taxes payable         1,559        1,559         Intercompany payable        8,443       (8,443)          Total current liabilities       16,293       8,217       36,548       (8,443)       52,615         Revolving unsecured credit facilities       50,500         50,500         Senior unsecured notes       196,203         196,203         Deferred tax liabilities       173       21,170       2,457        23,800         Total liabilities       263,169       29,387       39,005       (8,443)       323,118         Total stockholders' equity Total liabilities and       433,486       343,483       328,047       (671,530)       433,486											
Intercompany payable       —       —       8,443       (8,443)       —         Total current liabilities       16,293       8,217       36,548       (8,443)       52,615         Revolving unsecured credit facilities       50,500       —       —       50,500         Senior unsecured notes       196,203       —       —       196,203         Deferred tax liabilities       173       21,170       2,457       —       23,800         Total liabilities       263,169       29,387       39,005       (8,443)       323,118         Total stockholders' equity       433,486       343,483       328,047       (671,530)       433,486	1 0	\$	16,293	\$	8,217	\$	26,546	\$	_	\$	51,056
Total current liabilities       16,293       8,217       36,548       (8,443)       52,615         Revolving unsecured credit facilities       50,500       —       —       —       50,500         Senior unsecured notes       196,203       —       —       —       50,500         Deferred tax liabilities       196,203       —       —       —       196,203         Deferred tax liabilities       173       21,170       2,457       —       23,800         Total liabilities       263,169       29,387       39,005       (8,443)       323,118         Total stockholders' equity       433,486       343,483       328,047       (671,530)       433,486	Income taxes payable		_		_		1,559		_		1,559
Revolving unsecured credit facilities       50,500       —       —       50,500         Senior unsecured notes       196,203       —       —       196,203         Deferred tax liabilities       173       21,170       2,457       —       23,800         Total liabilities       263,169       29,387       39,005       (8,443)       323,118         Total stockholders' equity       433,486       343,483       328,047       (671,530)       433,486	Intercompany payable		—		—		8,443		(8,443)		
facilities       50,500       —       —       —       50,500         Senior unsecured notes       196,203       —       —       —       196,203         Deferred tax liabilities       173       21,170       2,457       —       23,800         Total liabilities       263,169       29,387       39,005       (8,443)       323,118         Total stockholders' equity       433,486       343,483       328,047       (671,530)       433,486         Total liabilities and       —       —       —       —       —       —	Total current liabilities		16,293		8,217		36,548		(8,443)		52,615
facilities       50,500       —       —       —       50,500         Senior unsecured notes       196,203       —       —       —       196,203         Deferred tax liabilities       173       21,170       2,457       —       23,800         Total liabilities       263,169       29,387       39,005       (8,443)       323,118         Total stockholders' equity       433,486       343,483       328,047       (671,530)       433,486         Total liabilities and       —       —       —       —       —       —											
Deferred tax liabilities         173         21,170         2,457         —         23,800           Total liabilities         263,169         29,387         39,005         (8,443)         323,118           Total stockholders' equity         433,486         343,483         328,047         (671,530)         433,486           Total liabilities and         Total liabilities         263,169         29,387         339,005         (671,530)         433,486	-		50,500		—				—		50,500
Total liabilities         263,169         29,387         39,005         (8,443)         323,118           Total stockholders' equity         433,486         343,483         328,047         (671,530)         433,486           Total liabilities and   <	Senior unsecured notes		196,203		—		—		—		196,203
Total stockholders' equity         433,486         343,483         328,047         (671,530)         433,486           Total liabilities and                    433,486               433,486                433,486                433,486 </td <td>Deferred tax liabilities</td> <td></td> <td>173</td> <td></td> <td>21,170</td> <td></td> <td>2,457</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>23,800</td>	Deferred tax liabilities		173		21,170		2,457				23,800
Total liabilities and	Total liabilities		263,169		29,387		39,005		(8,443)		323,118
	Total stockholders' equity		433,486		343,483		328,047		(671,530)		433,486
		\$	696,655	\$	372,870	\$	367,052	\$	(679,973)	\$	756,604

## **Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet**

June 30, 2015

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Parent ompany	Guarantor ubsidiaries		on-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Eliminations		C	onsolidated
ASSETS			-					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,704	\$ 2,812	\$	68,914	\$	—	\$	77,430
Pawn loan fees and service charges receivable	_	7,691		9,920		_		17,611
Pawn loans	_	61,869		63,100		_		124,969
Consumer loans, net	—	565		505		_		1,070
Inventories		38,436		49,644		—		88,080
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,789	_		1,064		_		3,853
Intercompany receivable	8,825			_		(8,825)		_
Total current assets	 17,318	 111,373		193,147		(8,825)		313,013
Property and equipment, net	4,082	54,593		53,079		_		111,754
Goodwill		201,853		98,525		_		300,378
Other non-current assets	1,047	5,440		4,251		_		10,738
Deferred tax assets	1,069	_		8,687		(1,069)		8,687
Investments in subsidiaries	676,357			_		(676,357)		
Total assets	\$ 699,873	\$ 373,259	\$	357,689	\$	(686,251)	\$	744,570
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 13,366	\$ 7,671	\$	18,459	\$	_	\$	39,496
Income taxes payable	1,088			245		—		1,333
Intercompany payable	—	—		8,825		(8,825)		
Total current liabilities	14,454	7,671		27,529		(8,825)		40,829
Revolving unsecured credit facilities	56,000	_						56,000
Senior unsecured notes	195,564			—		—		195,564
Deferred tax liabilities	—	17,100		2,291		(1,069)		18,322
Total liabilities	 266,018	24,771	-	29,820		(9,894)		310,715
Total stockholders'								
equity	433,855	348,488		327,869		(676,357)		433,855
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 699,873	\$ 373,259	\$	357,689	\$	(686,251)	\$	744,570

# Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

December 31, 2015

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Parent ompany	Guarantor ubsidiaries	on-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Eliminations	C	onsolidated
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,460	\$ 3,765	\$ 77,729	\$ _	\$	86,954
Pawn loan fees and service charges receivable	_	7,596	8,810	_		16,406
Pawn loans	_	61,204	56,397	_		117,601
Consumer loans, net		624	494			1,118
Inventories	—	46,349	47,109			93,458
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	6,477	_	3,420	_		9,897
Intercompany receivable	7,382			(7,382)		
Total current assets	19,319	 119,538	193,959	 (7,382)		325,434
Property and equipment, net	3,568	55,585	53,294	_		112,447
Goodwill		196,224	99,385	_		295,609
Other non-current assets	1,290	4,893	3,901			10,084
Deferred tax assets	—		9,321			9,321
Investments in subsidiaries	675,574	—	_	(675,574)		
Total assets	\$ 699,751	\$ 376,240	\$ 359,860	\$ (682,956)	\$	752,895
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 14,308	\$ 7,929	\$ 20,015	\$ _	\$	42,252
Income taxes payable	_		3,923	_		3,923
Intercompany payable	—	—	7,382	(7,382)		
Total current liabilities	14,308	 7,929	 31,320	(7,382)		46,175
Revolving unsecured credit facilities	58,000			_		58,000
Senior unsecured notes	195,874	—	—	—		195,874
Deferred tax liabilities	187	18,880	2,397			21,464
Total liabilities	 268,369	 26,809	 33,717	 (7,382)		321,513
Total stockholders' equity	 431,382	 349,431	 326,143	 (675,574)		431,382
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 699,751	\$ 376,240	\$ 359,860	\$ (682,956)	\$	752,895

Three Months Ended June 30, 2016

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Parent ompany	Guarantor Subsidiaries		on-Guarantor Subsidiaries	nsolidating iminations	С	onsolidated
Revenue:							
Retail merchandise sales	\$ _	\$ 39,459	\$	76,084	\$ —	\$	115,543
Pawn loan fees	—	19,354		32,524	—		51,878
Consumer loan and credit services fees		4,338		578	_		4,916
Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue	_	5,210		4,432	_		9,642
Total revenue	 	 68,361		113,618	 _		181,979
Cost of revenue:							
Cost of retail merchandise sold	_	23,839		47,506	_		71,345
Consumer loan and credit services loss provision	_	1,197		123	_		1,320
Cost of wholesale scrap jewelry sold	_	4,340		3,513	_		7,853
Total cost of revenue	 	 29,376	_	51,142	 		80,518
Net revenue	 	 38,985		62,476	 		101,461
Expenses and other income:							
Store operating expenses	—	23,128		31,450	—		54,578
Administrative expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	5,183	—		11,326	—		16,509
Merger and acquisition expenses	4,079	_		—	_		4,079
Depreciation and amortization	240	1,630		3,077	_		4,947
Interest expense	4,322	_		4	—		4,326
Interest income	(2)	_		(222)			(224)
Total expenses and other income	 13,822	 24,758		45,635	 		84,215
Income (loss) before income taxes	(13,822)	14,227		16,841	_		17,246
Provision for income taxes	 (5,385)	 5,300		5,658	 _		5,573
Income (loss) before equity in net income of subsidiaries	(8,437)	8,927		11,183	_		11,673
Equity in net income of subsidiaries	 20,110	 _		_	(20,110)		
Net income (loss)	\$ 11,673	\$ 8,927	\$	11,183	\$ (20,110)	\$	11,673
Other comprehensive income (loss):	 	 			 		
Currency translation adjustment	(14,214)	_		_	_		(14,214)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (2,541)	\$ 8,927	\$	11,183	\$ (20,110)	\$	(2,541)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2015

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Parent Company		Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		olidating inations	Co	nsolidated
Revenue:								
Retail merchandise sales	\$ —	\$	36,929	\$ 68,696	\$	—	\$	105,625
Pawn loan fees			19,682	27,901				47,583
Consumer loan and credit services fees	_		6,065	645		_		6,710
Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue	_		4,067	3,638		_		7,705
Total revenue			66,743	100,880				167,623
Cost of revenue:								
Cost of retail merchandise sold	_		21,317	44,319		_		65,636
Consumer loan and credit services loss provision	_		1,621	88		_		1,709
Cost of wholesale scrap jewelry sold			2 404	2 740				6 727
Total cost of revenue		_	3,484	2,748			_	6,232
lotal cost of revenue			26,422	47,155				73,577
Net revenue			40,321	53,725				94,046
Expenses and other income:								
Store operating expenses			22,214	29,532				51,746
Administrative expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	6,190		22,214	7,369				13,559
Merger and acquisition	1,110		_	7,309		_		1,110
expenses Depreciation and	1,110							1,110
amortization	186		1,684	2,597		—		4,467
Interest expense	4,126		—	—		—		4,126
Interest income	(2)	)		(391	)	—		(393)
Total expenses and other income	11,610	_	23,898	39,107		_		74,615
Income (loss) before income taxes	(11,610)	)	16,423	14,618		_		19,431
Provision for income taxes	(4,141)	)	6,113	4,120		_		6,092
Income (loss) before equity in net income of subsidiaries	(7,469)	)	10,310	10,498		_		13,339
Equity in net income of subsidiaries	20,808				<u> </u>	(20,808)		_
Net income (loss)	\$ 13,339	\$	10,310	\$ 10,498	\$	(20,808)	\$	13,339
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Currency translation adjustment	(6,657	)	_	_		_		(6,657)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 6,682	\$	10,310	\$ 10,498	\$	(20,808)	\$	6,682

Six Months Ended June 30, 2016

(unaudited, in thousands)

	0	Parent Company	Guarantor ubsidiaries	N	Ion-Guarantor Subsidiaries	onsolidating liminations	С	onsolidated
Revenue:								
Retail merchandise sales	\$	—	\$ 85,284	\$	149,035	\$ —	\$	234,319
Pawn loan fees		—	40,683		62,628	—		103,311
Consumer loan and credit services fees		_	9,465		1,137	_		10,602
Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue		_	9,453		7,497	_		16,950
Total revenue		_	 144,885		220,297	_		365,182
Cost of revenue:								
Cost of retail merchandise sold		_	51,440		94,327	_		145,767
Consumer loan and credit services loss provision		_	2,104		263	_		2,367
Cost of wholesale scrap								
jewelry sold			 7,783		5,941	 		13,724
Total cost of revenue			 61,327		100,531	 		161,858
Net revenue		_	 83,558		119,766			203,324
Expenses and other income:								
Store operating expenses		—	47,063		62,926	—		109,989
Administrative expenses <sup>(1)</sup>		14,392	—		19,385	_		33,777
Merger and acquisition expenses		4,479	_		_	_		4,479
Depreciation and amortization		414	3,326		6,144	_		9,884
Interest expense		8,716	—		70			8,786
Interest income		(4)	—		(494)	—		(498)
Total expenses and other income		27,997	 50,389		88,031	_		166,417
Income (loss) before income taxes		(27,997)	33,169		31,735	_		36,907
Provision for income taxes		(10,563)	12,300		10,323	_		12,060
Income (loss) before equity in net income of subsidiaries		(17,434)	20,869		21,412	_		24,847
Equity in net income of subsidiaries		42,281	 			 (42,281)		_
Net income (loss)	\$	24,847	\$ 20,869	\$	21,412	\$ (42,281)	\$	24,847
Other comprehensive income (loss):				_		 		
Currency translation adjustment		(16,703)	_		_	_		(16,703)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	8,144	\$ 20,869	\$	21,412	\$ (42,281)	\$	8,144
_			 	_		 		

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

(unaudited, in thousands)

	C	Parent Company	Guarantor Subsidiaries		Ion-Guarantor Subsidiaries	solidating minations	C	Consolidated
Revenue:								
Retail merchandise sales	\$	_	\$ 79,782	\$	136,297	\$ _	\$	216,079
Pawn loan fees		_	40,937		55,300			96,237
Consumer loan and credit services fees		_	13,033		1,272	_		14,305
Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue		_	9,203		7,822	_		17,025
Total revenue			 142,955		200,691	 		343,646
Cost of revenue:								
Cost of retail merchandise sold			46,039		87,843	_		133,882
Consumer loan and credit services loss provision		_	2,547		159	_		2,706
Cost of wholesale scrap jewelry sold		_	8,192		6,049	_		14,241
Total cost of revenue			 56,778		94,051			150,829
Net revenue			 86,177		106,640	 _		192,817
Expenses and other income:								
Store operating expenses			44,960		59,107	_		104,067
Administrative expenses <sup>(1)</sup>		12,697	_		14,635	_		27,332
Merger and acquisition expenses		1,175	_		_	_		1,175
Depreciation and amortization		405	3,327		5,282	_		9,014
Interest expense		8,146	—		—	—		8,146
Interest income		(3)	 		(734)			(737)
Total expenses and other income		22,420	 48,287		78,290	 _		148,997
Income (loss) before income taxes		(22,420)	37,890		28,350	_		43,820
Provision for income taxes		(7,859)	 14,055		7,497	 		13,693
Income (loss) before equity in net income of subsidiaries		(14,561)	23,835		20,853	_		30,127
Equity in net income of subsidiaries		44,688	 _	_	_	 (44,688)	. <u> </u>	_
Net income (loss)	\$	30,127	\$ 23,835	\$	20,853	\$ (44,688)	\$	30,127
Other comprehensive income (loss):			 ,000	-		 (, 550)	-	,,
Currency translation adjustment		(13,656)	_		—	_		(13,656)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	16,471	\$ 23,835	\$	20,853	\$ (44,688)	\$	16,471

## **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows**

Six Months Ended June 30, 2016

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Parent Company		Guarantor Subsidiaries		Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Consolidating Eliminations	C	Consolidated
Cash flow from operating activities:				_					
Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 29,473	\$	5 30,050	\$	5 21,687	\$	(41,637)	\$	39,573
Cash flow from investing activities:									
Loan receivables, net of cash repayments	_		7,354		(16,820)				(9,466)
Purchases of property and equipment	(829)		(10,410)		(5,834)		_		(17,073)
Acquisitions of pawn stores, net of cash acquired	_		(1,324)		(26,329)				(27,653)
Investing activity with subsidiaries	(12,015)		_		_		12,015		
Net cash flow provided by (used in) investing activities	(12,844)		(4,380)		(48,983)		12,015		(54,192)
Cash flow from financing activities:									
Borrowings from revolving credit facilities	29,500		_		_				29,500
Repayments of revolving credit facilities	(37,000)		_		_		_		(37,000)
Repayments of notes payable	_		_		(6,532)				(6,532)
Debt issuance costs paid	(23)		—				—		(23)
Dividends paid	(7,061)		_		_		—		(7,061)
Proceeds from intercompany financing related activity	_		11,734		281		(12,015)		_
Intercompany dividends paid	—		(38,551)		(3,086)		41,637		—
Net cash flow provided by (used in) financing activities	(14,584)		(26,817)		(9,337)		29,622		(21,116)
Effect of exchange rates on cash	 	_		-	(4,945)	_			(4,945)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	2,045		(1,147)		(41,578)				(40,680)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	5,460		3,765		77,729		_		86,954
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	\$ 7,505	\$	5 2,618	\$	36,151	\$	_	\$	46,274

## **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows**

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

(unaudited, in thousands)

	(	Parent Company	Guarantor ubsidiaries	on-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolida Eliminat	-	Co	nsolidated
Cash flow from operating activities:								
Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	18,314	\$ 31,190	\$ 30,441	\$ (38	3,036)	\$	41,909
Cash flow from investing activities:								
Loan receivables, net of cash repayments	l	_	4,519	(8,490)		_		(3,971)
Purchases of property and equipment		(490)	(3,112)	(4,998)		_		(8,600)
Acquisitions of pawn stores, net of cash acquired		_	(25,350)	(6,250)		_		(31,600)
Investing activity with subsidiaries		(35,063)	 		35	5,063		
Net cash flow provided by (used in) investing activities		(35,553)	(23,943)	(19,738)	35	5,063		(44,171)
Cash flow from financing activities:		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Borrowings from revolving credit facilities		63,055	_	_		_		63,055
Repayments of revolving credit facilities		(29,455)	_	_		_		(29,455)
Purchases of treasury stock		(22,974)	—			—		(22,974)
Proceeds from exercise of share-based compensation awards		2,901	_	_		_		2,901
Income tax benefit from exercise of stock options		1,617	_	_		_		1,617
Proceeds from intercompany financing related activity		_	28,462	6,601	(35	5,063)		_
Intercompany dividends paid	l	_	 (36,043)	 (1,993)	38	3,036		
Net cash flow provided by (used in) financing activities		15,144	(7,581)	4,608	2	2,973		15,144
Effect of exchange rates on cash			 _	 (3,444)		_		(3,444)
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(2,095)	(334)	11,867		_		9,438
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		7,799	3,146	57,047				67,992
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	\$	5,704	\$ 2,812	\$ 68,914	\$	_	\$	77,430

Certain amounts in the above condensed consolidating financial statements for the periods ended June 30, 2015 have been reclassified in order to conform to the 2016 presentation and revised to correct certain prior-year errors as more fully described in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. The Company has evaluated the effects of these errors, both qualitatively and quantitatively, and concluded that they did not have a material impact on any previously issued financial statements.

The impact of these reclassifications and revisions to the condensed consolidating financial statements for the periods ended June 30, 2015 are summarized in the tables below:

## Summary Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

June 30, 2015

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Parent Company	Guarantor Subsidiaries	on-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Consolidating Eliminations	C	Consolidated
Total assets, as reported:	\$ 898,254	\$ 308,668	\$ 616,223	\$	(1,073,571)	\$	749,574
Reclassifications	(4,436)	64,591	(64,591)		(568)		(5,004)
Revisions	(193,945)	—	(193,943)		387,888		—
Total assets, revised	\$ 699,873	\$ 373,259	\$ 357,689	\$	(686,251)	\$	744,570
Total liabilities, as reported:	\$ 445,508	\$ 20,018	\$ 25,747	\$	(194,444)	\$	296,829
Reclassifications	(4,436)	4,753	(4,753)		(568)		(5,004)
Revisions	(175,054)	—	8,826		185,118		18,890
Total liabilities, revised	\$ 266,018	\$ 24,771	\$ 29,820	\$	(9,894)	\$	310,715
			 	_			
Total stockholders' equity, as							
reported:	\$ 452,746	\$ 288,650	\$ 590,476	\$	(879,127)	\$	452,745
Reclassifications		59,838	(59,838)		—		
Revisions	(18,891)	—	(202,769)		202,770		(18,890)
Total stockholders' equity, revised	\$ 433,855	\$ 348,488	\$ 327,869	\$	(676,357)	\$	433,855

## Summary Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

Three Months Ended June 30, 2015

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Parent Company	Guarantor ubsidiaries	 on-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Eliminations	C	Consolidated
Net income (loss), as reported:	\$ (7,469)	\$ 9,537	\$ 11,271	\$ —	\$	13,339
Reclassifications	20,808	773	(773)	(20,808)		_
Net income (loss), revised	\$ 13,339	\$ 10,310	\$ 10,498	\$ (20,808)	\$	13,339
Other comprehensive income						
(loss), as reported:	\$ (7,469)	\$ 9,537	\$ 6,944	\$ —	\$	9,012
Reclassifications	20,808	773	(773)	(20,808)		
Revisions	(6,657)	—	4,327	_		(2,330)
Other comprehensive income (loss), revised	\$ 6,682	\$ 10,310	\$ 10,498	\$ (20,808)	\$	6,682

## Summary Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Parent Company	Guarantor ubsidiaries	 on-Guarantor Subsidiaries	onsolidating liminations	С	onsolidated
Net income (loss), as reported:	\$ (14,561)	\$ 22,059	\$ 22,629	\$ 	\$	30,127
Reclassifications	44,688	1,776	(1,776)	(44,688)		_
Net income (loss), revised	\$ 30,127	\$ 23,835	\$ 20,853	\$ (44,688)	\$	30,127
Other comprehensive income						
(loss), as reported:	\$ (14,561)	\$ 22,059	\$ 13,753	\$ —	\$	21,251
Reclassifications	44,688	1,776	(1,776)	(44,688)		
Revisions	(13,656)	—	8,876			(4,780)
Other comprehensive income (loss), revised	\$ 16,471	\$ 23,835	\$ 20,853	\$ (44,688)	\$	16,471

## Summary Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

#### Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Parent Company	9	Guarantor Subsidiaries	 on-Guarantor Subsidiaries	onsolidating Eliminations	C	Consolidated
Cash flow from operating activities, as reported:	\$ (21,671)	\$	(1,300)	\$ 64,880	\$ _	\$	41,909
Reclassifications	—		107	(107)	—		—
Revisions	39,985		32,383	(34,332)	(38,036)		
Cash flow from operating activities, revised	\$ 18,314	\$	31,190	\$ 30,441	\$ (38,036)	\$	41,909
Cash flow from investing activities, as reported:	\$ 4,432	\$	859	\$ (49,462)	\$ _	\$	(44,171)
Reclassifications	_		(24,802)	24,802			—
Revisions	(39,985)		_	4,922	35,063		_
Cash flow from investing activities, revised	\$ (35,553)	\$	(23,943)	\$ (19,738)	\$ 35,063	\$	(44,171)
Cash flow from financing activities, as reported:	\$ 15,144	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$	15,144
Reclassifications	—		(7,581)	4,608	2,973		—
Cash flow from financing activities, revised	\$ 15,144	\$	(7,581)	\$ 4,608	\$ 2,973	\$	15,144

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and capital resources of First Cash Financial Services, Inc. and its whollyowned subsidiaries (the "Company") should be read in conjunction with the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included under Part I, Item 1 of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, as well as with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. References in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q to "year-to-date" refer to the six-month period from January 1, 2016 to June 30, 2016.

#### GENERAL

The Company is a leading operator of retail-based pawn stores in the United States and Latin America. The Company's pawn stores generate significant retail sales primarily from the merchandise acquired through collateral forfeitures and over-the-counter purchases from customers. The Company's pawn stores are also a convenient source for small consumer loans to help customers meet their short-term cash needs. Personal property such as consumer electronics, jewelry, power tools, household appliances, sporting goods and musical instruments are pledged as collateral for the loans. In addition, some of the Company's pawn stores offer consumer loans or credit services products. The Company's strategy is to focus on growing its retail-based pawn operations in the United States and Latin America through new store openings and strategic acquisition opportunities as they arise. Pawn operations accounted for approximately 97% of the Company's consolidated revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to 96% during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

The Company accrues pawn loan fee revenue on a constant-yield basis over the life of the pawn loan for all pawn loans that the Company deems collection to be probable based on historical redemption statistics. If a pawn loan is not repaid prior to the expiration of the loan term, including any automatic extension period, if applicable, the property is forfeited to the Company and transferred to inventory at a value equal to the principal amount of the loan, exclusive of accrued interest. The Company records merchandise sales revenue at the time of the sale. The Company presents merchandise sales net of any sales or value-added taxes collected. The Company does not provide direct financing to customers for the purchase of its merchandise, but does permit its customers to purchase merchandise on an interest-free layaway plan. Should the customer fail to make a required payment pursuant to a layaway plan, the previous payments are typically forfeited to the Company. Interim payments from customers on layaway sales are recorded as deferred revenue and subsequently recorded as income during the period in which final payment is received or when previous payments are forfeited to the Company. Some jewelry is melted at a third-party facility and the precious metal content is sold at either prevailing market commodity prices or a previously agreed upon price with a commodity buyer. The Company records revenue from these transactions when a price has been agreed upon and the Company ships the jewelry to the buyer.

The Company operates a small number of stand-alone consumer finance stores in Texas and Mexico. These stores provide consumer financial services products including credit services, consumer loans and check cashing. Certain of the Company's pawn stores also offer credit services and/or consumer loans as an ancillary product. Consumer loan and credit services revenue accounted for approximately 3% of consolidated revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to 4% during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

The Company recognizes service fee income on consumer loans and credit services transactions on a constant-yield basis over the life of the loan or credit extension, which is generally 180 days or less. The net defaults on consumer loans and credit services transactions and changes in the valuation reserve are charged to the consumer loan credit loss provision. The credit loss provision associated with the Company's credit services organization program ("CSO Program") and consumer loans is based primarily upon historical credit loss experience, with consideration given to recent credit loss trends, delinquency rates, economic conditions and management's expectations of future credit losses.

Stores included in the same-store calculations presented in this quarterly report are those stores that were opened prior to the beginning of the prior-year comparative period and remained open through the end of the measurement period. Also included are stores that were relocated during the applicable period within a specified distance serving the same market where there is not a significant change in store size and where there is not a significant overlap or gap in timing between the opening of the new store and the closing of the existing store.

Operating expenses consist of all items directly related to the operation of the Company's stores, including salaries and related payroll costs, rent, utilities, facilities maintenance, advertising, property taxes, licenses, supplies and security. Administrative expenses consist of items relating to the operation of the corporate offices, including the compensation and benefit costs of corporate

management, area supervisors and other operations management personnel, collection operations and personnel, accounting and administrative costs, information technology costs, liability and casualty insurance, outside legal and accounting fees and stockholder-related expenses.

The Company's business is subject to seasonal variations. Therefore, operating results for the current quarter and year-to-date periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full year. Typically, the Company experiences seasonal growth of service fees in the third and fourth quarter of each year due to loan balance growth. Service fees generally decline in the first and second quarter of each year after the heavy repayment period of pawn loans associated with statutory bonuses received by customers in the fourth quarter in Mexico and with tax refund proceeds received by customers in the first quarter in the U.S. Retail sales are seasonally higher in the fourth quarter associated with holiday shopping.

On April 28, 2016, the Company and Cash America International, Inc. ("Cash America"), a Texas corporation, announced the execution of an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") entered into among the Company, Cash America and Frontier Merger Sub, LLC ("Merger Sub"), a Texas limited liability company and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, the companies will combine in an all-stock merger of equals (the "Merger"). Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, Cash America will merge with and into Merger Sub, with Merger Sub continuing as the surviving entity and remaining a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Upon completion of the transaction, the combined company will be named FirstCash, Inc. and will be headquartered in Fort Worth, Texas. See Note 2 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

#### **OPERATIONS AND LOCATIONS**

As of June 30, 2016, the Company had 1,271 store locations in 14 U.S. states, 32 states in Mexico, Guatemala and El Salvador, which represents a net storecount increase of 22% over the number of stores at June 30, 2015.

The following table details store count activity for the three months ended June 30, 2016:

	Consumer					
	Pawn	Loan	Total			
	Locations <sup>(1)</sup>	Locations (2)	Locations			
U.S.:						
Total locations, beginning of period	296	41	337			
Locations closed or consolidated	(3)	(10)	(13)			
Total locations, end of period	293	31	324			
Latin America:						
Total locations, beginning of period	908	28	936			
New locations opened	11		11			
Total locations, end of period	919	28	947			
Total:						
Total locations, beginning of period	1,204	69	1,273			
New locations opened	11		11			
Locations closed or consolidated	(3)	(10)	(13)			
Total locations, end of period	1,212	59	1,271			

(1) At June 30, 2016, 135 of the U.S. pawn stores, which are primarily located in Texas, also offered consumer loans or credit services products, while 49 Mexico pawn stores offer consumer loan products.

(2) The Company's U.S. free-standing consumer loan locations offer a credit services product and are all located in Texas. The Mexico locations offer small, short-term consumer loans.

The following table details store count activity for the six months ended June 30, 2016:

		Consumer	
	Pawn	Loan	Total
	Locations <sup>(1)</sup>	Locations <sup>(2)</sup>	Locations
U.S.:			
Total locations, beginning of period	296	42	338
Locations acquired	1		1
Locations closed or consolidated	(4)	(11)	(15)
Total locations, end of period	293	31	324
Latin America:			
Total locations, beginning of period	709	28	737
New locations opened	31		31
Locations acquired	179		179
Total locations, end of period	919	28	947
Total:			
Total locations, beginning of period	1,005	70	1,075
New locations opened	31	_	31
Locations acquired	180		180
Locations closed or consolidated	(4)	(11)	(15)

Total locations, end of period

(1) At June 30, 2016, 135 of the U.S. pawn stores, which are primarily located in Texas, also offered consumer loans or credit services products, while 49 Mexico pawn stores offer consumer loan products.

59

1,271

1,212

(2) The Company's U.S. free-standing consumer loan locations offer a credit services product and are all located in Texas. The Mexico locations offer small, short-term consumer loans.

#### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates, assumptions and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, related revenue and expenses, and disclosure of gain and loss contingencies at the date of the financial statements. Such estimates, assumptions and judgments are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, which may cause actual results to differ materially from the Company's estimates. The significant accounting policies that the Company believes are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating its reported financial results have been reported in the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K. There have been no changes to the Company's significant accounting policies for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

There were no recent accounting pronouncements that had a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or financial statement disclosures.

#### **RESULTS OF CONTINUING OPERATIONS**

The following table details customer loans and inventories held by the Company and active CSO Program credit extensions from an independent third-party lender as of June 30, 2016 as compared to June 30, 2015 (unaudited, in thousands). Constant currency results exclude the effects of foreign currency translation and are calculated by translating current-year balances at the prior-year end-of-period exchange rate. See "—Non-GAAP Financial Information—Constant Currency Results" below.

						Constant Cu	rrency Basis
					I	Balance at	
						June 30,	Increase /
	Balance at June 30,			Increase /		2016	(Decrease)
	 <u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	(Decrease)	( <u>Non-GAAP)</u>		(Non-GAAP)
U.S.:							
Pawn loans	\$ 66,457	\$	69,080	(4)%	\$	66,457	(4)%
CSO credit extensions held by independent third-party <sup>(1)</sup>	5,161		8,440	(39)%		5,161	(39)%
Other consumer loans	653		626	4 %		653	4 %
Combined customer loans <sup>(2)</sup>	 72,271		78,146	(8)%		72,271	(8)%
Latin America:							
Pawn loans	68,201		55,889	22 %		80,105	43 %
Other consumer loans	407		444	(8)%		483	9 %
Combined customer loans	 68,608		56,333	22 %		80,588	43 %
Total:							
Pawn loans	134,658		124,969	8 %		146,562	17 %
CSO credit extensions held by independent third-party <sup>(1)</sup>	5,161		8,440	(39)%		5,161	(39)%
Other consumer loans	1,060		1,070	(1)%		1,136	6 %
Combined customer loans <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 140,879	\$	134,479	5 %	\$	152,859	14 %
Pawn inventories:							
U.S.	\$ 47,934	\$	48,492	(1)%	\$	47,934	(1)%
Latin America	43,927		39,588	11 %		51,849	31 %
Combined inventories	\$ 91,861	\$	88,080	4 %	\$	99,783	13 %

(1) CSO amounts outstanding are composed of the principal portion of active CSO extensions of credit by an independent third-party lender, which are not included on the Company's balance sheet, net of the Company's estimated fair value of its liability under the letters of credit guaranteeing the extensions of credit.

(2) Combined customer loans is a non-GAAP measure, as it includes CSO credit extensions held by an independent third-party not included on the Company's balance sheet. The Company believes this non-GAAP measure provides investors with important information needed to evaluate the magnitude of potential loan losses and the opportunity for revenue performance of the consumer loan portfolio on an aggregate basis. The Company also believes the comparison of the aggregate amounts from period to period is more meaningful than comparing only the amounts reflected on the Company's balance sheet since both credit services fee revenue and the corresponding loss provision are impacted by the aggregate amount of loans owned by the Company and those guaranteed by the Company as reflected in its financial statements.

#### Table of Contents

The following tables detail the composition of pawn collateral and the average outstanding pawn loan receivable as of June 30, 2016 as compared to June 30, 2015.

	Balance at June 30,			
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Composition of pawn collateral:				
U.S. pawn loans:				
General merchandise	47%	47%		
Jewelry	53%	53%		
	100%	100%		
Latin America pawn loans:				
General merchandise	82%	88%		
Jewelry	18%	12%		
	100%	100%		
Total pawn loans:				
General merchandise	65%	66%		
Jewelry	35%	34%		
	100%	100%		

					Constant Currency Basis		
					В	alance at	
						June 30,	
	Balance a	at Ju	ine 30,	Increase /		2016	Increase
	 <u>2016</u>		2015	(Decrease)	<u>(N</u>	<u>on-GAAP)</u>	(Non-GAAP)
Average outstanding pawn loan amount:							
U.S. pawn loans	\$ 160	\$	159	1 %	\$	160	1%
Latin America pawn loans	62		64	(3)%		73	14%
Total pawn loans	89		95	(6)%		97	2%

#### Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 Compared To The Three Months Ended June 30, 2015

The following table details the components of the Company's revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2015 (unaudited, in thousands). Constant currency results exclude the effects of foreign currency translation and are calculated by translating current year results at prior year average exchange rates. The average value of the Mexican peso to the U.S. dollar decreased 18% from 15.3 to 1 during the second quarter of 2015 to 18.1 to 1 during the second quarter of 2016. The end-of-period value of the Mexican peso to the U.S. dollar decreased 19% from 15.6 to 1 at June 30, 2016 to 18.5 to 1 at June 30, 2016. As a result of these currency exchange movements, revenue from Mexican operations translated into fewer U.S. dollars relative to the prior-year period, and net assets of Mexican operations as of June 30, 2016 translated into fewer U.S. dollars relative to the prior period end. While the strength of the U.S. dollar compared to the Mexican peso decreased the translated dollar-value of revenue generated in Mexico, the cost of sales and operating expenses decreased as well. The scrap jewelry generated in Mexico was exported and sold in U.S. dollars, which does not contribute to the Company's peso-denominated revenue stream. For the three months ended June 30, 2016, the Company's Latin American revenues and net income would have been approximately \$16,920,000 and \$2,390,000 higher, respectively, had foreign currency exchange rates remained consistent with those for the three months ended June 30, 2015. See "—Non-GAAP Financial Information—Constant Currency Results" below. The Company's exposure to foreign currency exchange rates is described further in the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K.

					Constant Currency Basis			
		Three Mo	nths	Ended	<b>Three Months Ended</b>	Increase /		
	June 30,				Increase /	June 30, 2016	(Decrease)	
	2	<u>2016</u>		2015	(Decrease)	(Non-GAAP)	(Non-GAAP)	
U.S. revenue:								
Retail merchandise	¢	47.005	¢	44 222	6 %	¢ 47.005	C 0/	
sales	\$	47,065	\$	44,323		\$ 47,065	6%	
Pawn loan fees		21,844		22,060	(1)%	21,844	(1)%	
Consumer loan and credit services fees		4,419		6,174	(28)%	4,419	(28)%	
Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue		6,070		4,410	38 %	6,070	38 %	
		79,398		76,967	3 %	79,398	3 %	
Latin America revenue:				<u> </u>				
Retail merchandise								
sales		68,478		61,302	12 %	80,278	31 %	
Pawn loan fees		30,034		25,523	18 %	35,065	37 %	
Consumer loan and credit services fees		497		536	(7)%	586	9 %	
Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue		3,572		3,295	8 %	3,572	8 %	
<b>j</b>		102,581		90,656	13 %	119,501	32 %	
Total revenue:		102,001		50,050	10 /0		52 /0	
Retail merchandise								
sales		115,543		105,625	9 %	127,343	21 %	
Pawn loan fees		51,878		47,583	9 %	56,909	20 %	
Consumer loan and credit services fees		4,916		6,710	(27)%	5,005	(25)%	
Wholesale scrap								
jewelry revenue		9,642		7,705	25 %	9,642	25 %	
	\$	181,979	\$	167,623	9 %	\$ 198,899	19 %	

Latin America revenue accounted for approximately 56% of total revenue for the second quarter of 2016, while U.S. revenue accounted for approximately 44% of total revenue. On a constant currency basis, Latin America revenue accounted for approximately 60% of total revenue for the second quarter of 2016, while U.S. revenue accounted for approximately 40% of total revenue.

#### Retail Merchandise Sales Operations

Total retail merchandise sales increased 9% (21% on a constant currency basis) to \$115,543,000 during the second quarter of 2016 compared to \$105,625,000 for the second quarter of 2015. The increased retail merchandise sales in the Company's pawn stores reflected store additions, maturation of existing stores and an increase in retail inventories available for sale. During the second quarter of 2016, the gross profit margin on retail merchandise sales was 38%, which equaled the second quarter of 2015.

Pawn inventories increased from \$88,080,000 at June 30, 2015 to \$91,861,000 at June 30, 2016, largely as a result of the 24% increase in the weightedaverage store count and the maturation of existing stores, partially offset by a slight decline in U.S. inventories. At June 30, 2016, the Company's pawn inventories were composed of: 31% jewelry (primarily gold jewelry held for retail sale), 39% electronics and appliances, 9% tools, 9% sporting goods and 12% other. At June 30, 2015, the Company's pawn inventories were composed of: 30% jewelry (primarily gold jewelry held for retail sale), 40% electronics and appliances, 10% tools, 8% sporting goods and 12% other. At June 30, 2016, 96% of total inventories had been held for one year or less, while 4% had been held for more than one year. At June 30, 2015, 94% of total inventories had been held for one year or less, while 6% had been held for more than one year.

#### Pawn Lending Operations

Pawn loan fees increased 9% (20% increase on a constant currency basis) totaling \$51,878,000 during the second quarter of 2016 compared to \$47,583,000 for the second quarter of 2015. Consolidated pawn receivables as of June 30, 2016 increased 8% (17% increase on a constant currency basis) compared to June 30, 2015. The increase in constant currency pawn fees and receivables was primarily due to store additions and same-store increases in Latin America, where same-store year-over-year pawn receivables increased 11% on a constant currency basis, partially offset by a decrease in U.S. same-store pawn receivables of 4%.

#### Consumer Lending Operations

Service fees from consumer loans and credit services transactions (collectively also known as payday loans) decreased 27% (25% on a constant currency basis) to \$4,916,000 during the second quarter of 2016 compared to \$6,710,000 for the second quarter of 2015. The Company attributes the decrease in part to decreased consumer demand, additional regulatory restrictions in certain markets where the Company's consumer lending operations are focused and the closure of 27 stand-alone consumer finance stores since June 30, 2015. In addition, the Company expects to close approximately seven stand-alone consumer finance stores during the third quarter of 2016. Consumer/payday loan-related products comprised 3% of total revenue for the second quarter of 2016 compared to 4% for the second quarter of 2015.

#### Wholesale Scrap Jewelry Operations

Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2016 consisted primarily of gold sales, which increased 25% to \$9,642,000 during the second quarter of 2016 compared to \$7,705,000 for the second quarter of 2015. Approximately 6,447 ounces of gold were sold at an average selling price of \$1,268 per ounce compared to approximately 5,600 ounces of gold sold at an average selling price of \$1,203 per ounce in the prior-year period. The increase in gold volumes was primarily driven by the increase in gold prices during the quarter as well as the 24% increase in the weighted-average store count. The scrap gross profit margin was 19% during the second quarter of 2016, which equaled the second quarter of 2015. Scrap jewelry profits accounted for 2% of net revenue (gross profit) for the second quarter of 2016 and 2015. The Company's exposure to gold price risk is described further in the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K.

#### Combined Revenue Results

The increase in quarter-over-quarter total revenue of 9% (19% on a constant currency basis) reflected a 9% increase (20% on a constant currency basis) in core revenue from retail sales and pawn fee revenue from new and existing pawn stores, offset by a decrease in non-core consumer loan fees. Same-store core revenue from retail sales and pawn fees increased 5% on a consolidated, constant currency basis from the second quarter of 2015 to the second quarter of 2016. Same-store core revenue in Latin America increased 10% (on a constant currency basis), offset by a decrease in same-store core revenue of 1% in the U.S. as compared to the prior-year period.

#### Store Operating Expenses

Store operating expenses increased by 5% (14% on a constant currency basis) to \$54,578,000 during the second quarter of 2016 compared to \$51,746,000 during the second quarter of 2015, primarily as a result of the 24% increase in the weighted-average store count, partially offset by an 18% year-over-year decline in the average value of the Mexican peso. Same-store operating expenses increased 2% on a constant currency basis, compared to the prior-year period.

The net store profit contribution for the second quarter of 2016 was \$42,793,000, which equates to a store-level operating margin of 24% compared to \$38,557,000 and 23% in the prior-year quarter, respectively.

#### Administrative Expenses, Merger and Acquisition Expenses, Interest, Taxes and Income

Administrative expenses increased 22% to \$16,509,000 during the second quarter of 2016 compared to \$13,559,000 during the second quarter of 2015, primarily as a result of a 24% increase in the weighted-average store count resulting in additional management and supervisory compensation and other support expenses required for such growth, partially offset by a 18% decline in the average value of the Mexican peso, which reduced comparative administrative expenses in Mexico. As a percentage of revenue, administrative expenses increased from 8% during the second quarter of 2015 to 9% during the second quarter of 2016 primarily due to the recent Latin America Acquisition. The Company anticipates certain administrative cost synergies beginning in the second half of fiscal 2016 as the Company continues integration efforts related to the Latin America Acquisition.

Merger and acquisition expenses increased to \$4,079,000 in the second quarter of 2016 compared to \$1,110,000 for the second quarter of 2015, reflecting transaction and integration costs primarily related to the Merger.

Interest expense increased to \$4,326,000 in the second quarter of 2016 compared to \$4,126,000 for the second quarter of 2015. See "—Liquidity and Capital Resources."

For the second quarter of 2016 and 2015, the Company's effective federal income tax rates were 32.3% and 31.4%, respectively. The Company expects the effective tax rate for the remainder of 2016 to be between 32% and 33%, reflecting the blended statutory federal tax rates of 35% in the U.S. and 30% in Mexico.

Net income decreased 12% to \$11,673,000 during the second quarter of 2016 compared to \$13,339,000 during the second quarter of 2015, primarily as a result of the weaker value of the Mexican peso versus the U.S. dollar, an increase in merger and acquisition expenses primarily related to the Merger and the continued decline in non-core payday lending operations. These decreases were partially offset by the continued growth in core pawn operations. Comprehensive income decreased 138% to a loss of \$2,541,000 during the second quarter of 2016 compared to income of \$6,682,000 during the second quarter of 2015, as a result of the translation of the Company's net assets denominated in local currencies into U.S. dollars as of June 30, 2016.

#### Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 Compared To The Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

The following table details the components of the Company's revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2015 (unaudited, in thousands). Constant currency results exclude the effects of foreign currency translation and are calculated by translating current year results at prior year average exchange rates. The average value of the Mexican peso to the U.S. dollar decreased 19% from 15.1 to 1 during the six months ended June 30, 2015 to 18.0 to 1 during the six months ended June 30, 2016. The end-of-period value of the Mexican peso to the U.S. dollar decreased 19% from 15.6 to 1 at June 30, 2015 to 18.5 to 1 at June 30, 2016. As a result of these currency exchange movements, revenue from Mexican operations translated into fewer U.S. dollars relative to the prior-year period, and net assets of Mexican operations as of June 30, 2016 translated into fewer U.S. dollars relative to the prior-year period, and net assets of Mexican peso decreased the translated dollar-value of revenue generated in Mexico, the cost of sales and operating expenses decreased as well. The scrap jewelry generated in Mexico is exported and sold in U.S. dollars, which does not contribute to the Company's peso-denominated revenue stream. For the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company's Latin American revenues and net income would have been approximately \$35,111,000 and \$4,533,000 higher, respectively, had foreign currency exchange rates remained consistent with those for the six months ended June 30, 2015. See "—Non-GAAP Financial Information—Constant Currency Results" below. The Company's exposure to foreign currency exchange rates is described further in the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K.

					Constant Currer	icy Basis
	Six Mon	ths E	Ended		Six Months Ended	Increase /
	Jun	ie 30,		Increase /	June 30, 2016	(Decrease)
	 <u>2016</u>		2015	(Decrease)	( <u>Non-GAAP)</u>	(Non-GAAP)
U.S. revenue:						
Retail merchandise						
sales	\$ 102,126	\$	96,329	6 %	\$ 102,126	6 %
Pawn loan fees	46,089		45,966	—%	46,089	—%
Consumer loan and credit services fees	9,628		13,238	(27)%	9,628	(27)%
Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue	10,864		10,148	7 %	10,864	7 %
	 168,707		165,681	2 %	168,707	2 %
Latin America revenue:						
Retail merchandise						
sales	132,193		119,750	10 %	156,754	31 %
Pawn loan fees	57,222		50,271	14 %	67,584	34 %
Consumer loan and credit services fees	974		1,067	(9)%	1,162	9 %
Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue	6,086		6,877	(12)%	6,086	(12)%
	196,475		177,965	10 %	231,586	30 %
Total revenue:	 					
Retail merchandise						
sales	234,319		216,079	8 %	258,880	20 %
Pawn loan fees	103,311		96,237	7 %	113,673	18 %
Consumer loan and credit services fees	10,602		14,305	(26)%	10,790	(25)%
Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue	16,950		17,025	— %	16,950	— %
	\$ 365,182	\$	343,646	6 %	\$ 400,293	16 %

Latin America revenue accounted for approximately 54% of total revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016, while U.S. revenue accounted for approximately 46% of total revenue. On a constant currency basis, Latin America revenue accounted for approximately 58% of total revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016, while U.S. revenue accounted for approximately 42% of total revenue.

#### Retail Merchandise Sales Operations

Total retail merchandise sales increased 8% (20% on a constant currency basis) to \$234,319,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$216,079,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The increased retail merchandise sales in the Company's pawn stores reflected store additions, maturation of existing stores and an increase in retail inventories available for sale. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the gross profit margin on retail merchandise sales was 38%, which equaled the comparable prior-year period.

#### Consumer Lending Operations

Service fees from consumer loans and credit services transactions (collectively also known as payday loans) decreased 26% (25% on constant currency basis) to \$10,602,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$14,305,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The Company attributes the decrease in part to decreased consumer demand, additional regulatory restrictions in certain markets where the Company's consumer lending operations are focused and the closure of 27 stand-alone consumer finance stores since June 30, 2015. In addition, the Company expects to close approximately seven stand-alone consumer finance stores during the third quarter of 2016. Consumer/payday loan-related products comprised 3% of total revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

#### Wholesale Scrap Jewelry Operations

Wholesale scrap jewelry revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2016 consisted primarily of gold sales, which decreased less than 1% to \$16,950,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$17,025,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Approximately 11,687 ounces were sold at an average selling price of \$1,237 per ounce compared to approximately 12,200 ounces of gold sold at an average selling price of \$1,201 per ounce in the prior-year period. The scrap gross profit margin was 19% compared to the prior-period margin of 16%. Scrap jewelry profits accounted for 2% of net revenue (gross profit) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to 1% in the six months ended June 30, 2015. The Company's exposure to gold price risk is described further in the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K.

#### Combined Revenue Results

The increase in year-to-date total revenue of 6% (16% on a constant currency basis) reflected an 8% increase (19% on a constant currency basis) in core revenue from retail sales and pawn fee revenue from new and existing pawn stores, offset by a decrease in non-core consumer loan fees. Same-store core revenue from retail sales and pawn fees increased 4% on a consolidated, constant currency basis from the six months ended June 30, 2015 to the six months ended June 30, 2016. Same-store core revenue in Latin America increased 9% (on a constant currency basis), offset by a decrease in same-store core revenue of 2% in the U.S. as compared to the prior-year period.

#### Store Operating Expenses

Store operating expenses increased by 6% (15% on a constant currency basis) to \$109,989,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$104,067,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily as a result of the 24% increase in the weighted-average store count, partially offset by an 19% year-over-year decline in the average value of the Mexican peso. Same-store operating expenses increased 2% on a constant currency basis, compared to the prior-year period.

The net store profit contribution for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$85,097,000, which equates to a store-level operating margin of 23% compared to \$81,220,000 and 24% in the prior-year period, respectively. The decline in the store-level operating margin related primarily to a 29% decrease (28% on a constant currency basis) in net revenue from payday lending.

#### Administrative Expenses, Merger and Acquisition Expenses, Interest, Taxes and Income

Administrative expenses increased to \$33,777,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$27,332,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily as a result of a 24% increase in the weighted-average store count resulting in additional management and supervisory compensation and other support expenses required for such growth, partially offset by a 19% decline in the average value of the Mexican peso, which reduced comparative administrative expenses in Mexico. As a percentage of revenue, administrative expenses increased from 8% during the six months ended June 30, 2015 to 9% during the six months ended June 30, 2016 primarily due to the recent Latin America Acquisition. The Company anticipates certain administrative cost synergies beginning in the second half of fiscal 2016 as the Company continues integration efforts related to the Latin America Acquisition.

Merger and acquisition expenses increased to \$4,479,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$1,175,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2015, reflecting transaction and integration costs primarily related to the Merger.

Interest expense increased to \$8,786,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$8,146,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2015, reflecting an increase in the amount of outstanding debt. See "—Liquidity and Capital Resources."

For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company's effective federal income tax rates were 32.7% and 31.2%, respectively. The Company expects the effective tax rate for the remainder of 2016 to be between 32% and 33%, reflecting the blended statutory federal tax rates of 35% in the U.S. and 30% in Mexico.

Net income decreased 18% to \$24,847,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$30,127,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily as a result of the weaker value of the Mexican peso versus the U.S. dollar, an increase in merger and acquisition expenses primarily related to the Merger and the continued decline in non-core payday lending operations. These decreases were partially offset by the continued growth in core pawn operations. Comprehensive income decreased 51% to \$8,144,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$16,471,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2015, as a result of the translation of the Company's net assets denominated in local currencies into U.S. dollars as of June 30, 2016.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of June 30, 2016, the Company's primary sources of liquidity were \$46,274,000 in cash and cash equivalents, \$169,500,000 of available and unused funds under the Company's long-term lines of credit with its commercial lenders, \$153,977,000 in customer loans and pawn loan fees and service charges receivable and \$91,861,000 in inventories. As of June 30, 2016, the amount of cash associated with indefinitely reinvested foreign earnings was approximately \$35,702,000, which is primarily held in Mexican pesos. The Company had working capital of \$247,278,000 as of June 30, 2016 and total equity exceeded liabilities by a ratio of 1.3 to 1.

On March 24, 2014, the Company issued \$200,000,000 of 6.75% senior notes due on April 1, 2021 (the "Notes") all of which are currently outstanding. Interest on the Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on April 1 and October 1. The Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis jointly and severally by all of the Company's existing and future domestic subsidiaries that guarantee the 2015 Credit Facility. The Notes permit the Company to make certain restricted payments, such as repurchasing shares of its stock and paying cash dividends, within certain parameters, the most restrictive of which generally limits such restricted payments to 50% of adjusted net income. As of June 30, 2016, 2015 and December 31, 2015, deferred debt issuance costs of \$3,797,000, \$4,436,000 and \$4,126,000, respectively, are included as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the Notes in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

At June 30, 2016, the Company maintained a line of credit with a group of U.S. based commercial lenders (the "2015 Credit Facility") in the amount of \$210,000,000, which matures in October 2020. At June 30, 2016, the Company had \$50,500,000 outstanding under the 2015 Credit Facility and \$159,500,000 was available for borrowings. The 2015 Credit Facility bears interest, at the Company's option, at either (i) the prevailing London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") (with interest periods of 1, 2, 3 or 6 months at the Company's option) plus a fixed spread of 2.5% or (ii) the prevailing prime or base rate plus a fixed spread of 1.5%. The 2015 Credit Facility requires a minimum LIBOR rate of 0%. Additionally, the Company is required to pay an annual commitment fee of 0.50% on the average daily unused portion of the 2015 Credit Facility commitment. The weighted-average interest rate on amounts outstanding under the 2015 Credit Facility at June 30, 2016 was 3.00% based on 30-day LIBOR. The 2015 Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with certain financial covenants and allows the Company to make certain restricted payments, such as repurchasing shares of its stock and paying cash dividends, within certain parameters, provided the Company maintains compliance with those financial ratios and covenants after giving effect to such restricted payments. The Company was in compliance with the requirements and covenants of the 2015 Credit Facility under the most restrictive covenant. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company made net payments of \$7,500,000 pursuant to the 2015 Credit Facility.

On July 25, 2016, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement to replace the 2015 Credit Facility (as amended, the "2016 Credit Facility"). The 2016 Credit Facility does not become effective until the closing of the Merger and the satisfaction of customary closing conditions. The total lender commitment under the 2016 Credit Facility will increase from \$210,000,000 to \$400,000,000 and the number of participating lenders will increase from five to eight. Additionally, the term of the 2016 Credit Facility will be extended to five years from the closing date of the Merger and will be unsecured as the Equity Pledge will be released upon the effectiveness of the 2016 Credit Facility. The 2016 Credit Facility will bear interest, at the Company's option, at either (i) LIBOR (with interest periods of 1 week or 1, 2, 3 or 6 months at the Company's option) plus a

fixed spread of 2.5% or (ii) the prevailing prime or base rate plus a fixed spread of 1.5%. The agreement has a LIBOR floor of 0%. Additionally, the Company will be required to pay an annual commitment fee of 0.50% on the average daily unused portion of the 2016 Credit Facility commitment. Under the terms of the 2016 Credit Facility, the Company will be required to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with certain financial covenants and will allow the Company to make certain restricted payments, such as repurchasing shares of its stock, within certain parameters provided the Company maintains compliance with those financial ratios and covenants after giving effect to such restricted payments. Additionally, the Company will be required to maintain a minimum level of liquidity, as defined in the 2016 Credit Facility, to the extent any principal amount under Cash America's 5.75% senior notes due May 15, 2018 remains outstanding upon completion of the Merger.

At June 30, 2016, the Company maintained a line of credit with a bank in Mexico (the "Mexico Credit Facility") in the amount of \$10,000,000. The Mexico Credit Facility bears interest at 30-day LIBOR plus a fixed spread of 2.0% and matures in December 2017. Under the terms of the Mexico Credit Facility, the Company is required to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with certain financial covenants. The Company was in compliance with the requirements and covenants of the Mexico Credit Facility as of June 30, 2016, and believes it has the capacity to borrow the full amount available under the Mexico Credit Facility under the most restrictive covenant. The Company is required to pay a one-time commitment fee of \$25,000 due when the first amount is drawn/borrowed. At June 30, 2016, the Company had no amount outstanding under the Mexico Credit Facility and \$10,000,000 was available for borrowings.

In general, revenue growth is dependent upon the Company's ability to fund growth of store locations, customer loan balances and inventories. In addition to these factors, changes in loan balances, collection of pawn fees, merchandise sales, inventory levels, operating expenses, administrative expenses, tax rates, gold prices, foreign currency exchange rates and the pace of new store expansions and acquisitions, including expenses related to the Merger, affect the Company's liquidity. Management believes cash on hand, the borrowings available under its credit facilities, anticipated cash generated from operations (including the normal seasonal increases in operating cash flows occurring in the first and fourth quarters) and other current working capital will be sufficient to meet the Company's anticipated capital requirements for its business for at least the next twelve months. Where appropriate or desirable, in connection with the Company's efficient management of its liquidity position, the Company could seek to raise additional funds from a variety of sources, including the sale of assets, reductions in capital spending, the issuance of debt or equity securities and/or changes to its management of current assets. The characteristics of the Company's current assets, specifically the ability to rapidly liquidate gold jewelry inventory and adjust outflows of cash in its lending practices, gives the Company's operations may also impact profitability and liquidity. See "—Regulatory Developments."

The following tables set forth certain historical information with respect to the Company's sources and uses of cash and other key indicators of liquidity (unaudited, dollar amounts in thousands):

	Six Months Ended						
	June 30,						
	 <u>2016</u>						
Cash flow provided by operating activities	\$ 39,573	\$	41,909				
Cash flow used in investing activities	\$ (54,192)	\$	(44,171)				
Cash flow provided by (used in) financing activities	\$ (21,116)	\$	15,144				

		Balance at June 30,						
	-		<u>2015</u>					
Working capital <sup>(1)</sup>	9	\$	247,278	\$	272,184			
Current ratio <sup>(1)</sup>			5.70:1		7.67:1			
Liabilities to equity <sup>(1)</sup>			75%		72%			
Inventory turns (trailing twelve months)			3.4x		3.5x			

(1) Prior year amounts have been revised or reclassified. See Note 1 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.



Net cash provided by operating activities decreased \$2,336,000, or 6%, from \$41,909,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2015 to \$39,573,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2016, due primarily to a decrease in net income of \$5,280,000, partially offset by net changes in certain operating assets and liabilities (as noted in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows).

Net cash used in investing activities increased \$10,021,000, or 23%, from \$44,171,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2015 to \$54,192,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Cash flows from investing activities are utilized primarily to fund pawn store acquisitions, growth of pawn loans and purchases of property and equipment. The Company paid \$27,653,000 in cash related to acquisitions during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$31,600,000 in the prior-year period. The Company funded loans of \$9,466,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$3,971,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Net cash used in financing activities increased \$36,260,000, or 239%, from net cash provided by financing activities of \$15,144,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2015 to net cash used in financing activities of \$21,116,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Net proceeds on the Company's credit facilities were \$33,600,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to net payments of \$7,500,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016. In addition, the Company reputchased shares of its common stock (\$0 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$22,974,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016. The Company repurchased shares of its common stock (\$0 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$22,974,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$4,518,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2015. In addition, the Company paid dividends of \$7,061,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company opened 31 new pawn stores in Latin America and acquired 179 pawn stores in Latin America and one pawn store in the U.S. The combined purchase price of the 2016 acquisitions was \$30,718,000, net of cash acquired and certain post-closing adjustments. The purchases were composed of \$27,078,000 in cash paid during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and approximately \$3,640,000 payable to the sellers on or before January 2017. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company also paid \$575,000 of amounts payable related to prior-year acquisitions. The Company funded \$17,073,000 in capital expenditures during the six months ended June 30, 2016, \$9,269,000 of which related to the purchase of real estate at existing stores with the remainder related primarily to new store additions. The Company could fund capital expenditures, excluding real estate related expenditures, at a similar annualized rate in the remainder of 2016. Acquisition purchase prices, capital expenditures, working capital requirements and start-up losses related to this expansion have been primarily funded through cash balances, operating cash flows and the Company's credit facilities. The Company's cash flow and liquidity available to fund expansion in 2016 included net cash flow from operating activities of \$39,573,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

The Company intends to continue expansion primarily through acquisitions and new store openings. Excluding the impact of the Merger or additional acquisitions, the Company expects to add approximately 220 to 225 stores during fiscal 2016, of which 211 have already occurred during the first six months of 2016. Management believes that cash on hand, the amounts available to be drawn under the credit facilities and cash generated from operations will be sufficient to accommodate the Company's current operations and store expansion plans for the remainder of 2016.

The Company continually looks for, and is presented with, potential acquisition opportunities. Other than its proposed Merger with Cash America, the Company currently has no other contractual commitments for materially significant future acquisitions, business combinations or capital commitments. The Company will evaluate potential acquisitions based upon growth potential, purchase price, available liquidity, strategic fit and quality of management personnel, among other factors. If the Company encounters an attractive opportunity to acquire new stores in the near future, the Company may seek additional financing, the terms of which will be negotiated on a case-by-case basis.

In connection with its proposed Merger with Cash America, the Company has incurred, and expects to incur additional costs, expenses and fees for professional services and other transaction costs in connection with the Merger. The substantial majority of these costs will be non-recurring expenses relating to the Merger, including costs relating to integration planning. These costs could have a material impact on the financial condition and results of operation of the Company prior to the completion of the Merger and of the combined company following completion of the Merger. The Company also expects to pay, in cash, restricted stock unit awards and deferred stock unit awards granted to Cash America directors, executive officers and other employees that become fully vested upon the closing of the Merger. Lastly, the Company expects long-term debt obligations of Cash America to be refinanced upon the closing of the Merger. The Company plans to fund such costs, payments and the refinance of long-term debt obligations with available funds under the 2015 Credit Facility and, upon completion of the Merger, the 2016 Credit Facility, and believes it has adequate capacity to borrow the necessary funds under the most restrictive covenant.

In January 2015, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a common stock repurchase program for up to 2,000,000 shares of the Company's outstanding common stock. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company did not repurchase any of its common stock and 1,148,000 shares remain available for repurchase under the repurchase program. The Company has suspended repurchases under its repurchase program pending the completion of the Merger. Following the completion of the Merger, continued share repurchases will be subject to a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, the level of cash balances, credit availability, debt covenant restrictions, general business conditions, regulatory requirements, the market price of the Company's stock, dividend policy and the availability of alternative investment opportunities.

In January 2016, the Company's Board of Directors approved the initiation of a cash dividend payment at an annual rate of \$0.50 per share to be paid quarterly. The second quarterly dividend payment was paid on June 15, 2016 to stockholders of record as of June 1, 2016. In July 2016, the Company's Board of Directors declared a \$0.125 per share third quarter cash dividend on common shares outstanding, which will be paid on August 24, 2016 to stockholders of record as of August 10, 2016. In addition, the Board of Directors approved a plan to increase the annual dividend to \$0.76 per share, or \$0.19 per share quarterly, beginning in the fourth quarter, subject to the closing of the Merger. The declaration and payment of cash dividends in the future (quarterly or otherwise) will be made by the Board of Directors, from time to time, subject to the Company's financial condition, results of operations, business requirements, compliance with legal requirements and debt covenant restrictions.

### **Non-GAAP Financial Information**

The Company uses certain financial calculations such as adjusted net income, adjusted net income per share, adjusted EBITDA, free cash flow and constant currency results (as defined or explained below) as factors in the measurement and evaluation of the Company's operating performance and period-overperiod growth. The Company derives these financial calculations on the basis of methodologies other than generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), primarily by excluding from a comparable GAAP measure certain items that the Company does not consider to be representative of its actual operating performance. These financial calculations are "non-GAAP financial measures" as defined in Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules. The Company uses these financial calculations in operating its business because management believes they are less susceptible to variances in actual operating performance that can result from the excluded items and other infrequent charges. The Company presents these financial measures to investors because management believes they provide greater transparency into the Company's results of operations. However, items that are excluded and other adjustments and assumptions that are made in calculating adjusted net income, adjusted net income per share, adjusted EBITDA, free cash flow and constant currency results are significant components in understanding and assessing the Company's financial performance. These non-GAAP financial measures are not determined in accordance with GAAP and are thus susceptible to varying calculations, adjusted net income, adjusted net income, adjusted net income, adjusted net income per share, adjusted net income per share, adjusted EBITDA, free cash flow and constant currency results are these susceptible to varying calculations, adjusted net income, adjusted net income per share, adjusted teBITDA, free cash flow and constant currency results are significant components in understanding and assessing the Company's financial performance. These non-GAAP

## Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Net Income Per Share

Management believes the presentation of adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share ("Adjusted Income Measures") provides investors with greater transparency and provides a more complete understanding of the Company's financial performance and prospects for the future. In addition, management believes the adjustments shown below are useful to investors in order to allow them to compare the Company's financial results for the current periods with the prior periods presented.

The following table provides a reconciliation between the net income and diluted earnings per share calculated in accordance with GAAP to the Adjusted Income Measures, which are shown net of tax (unaudited, in thousands, except per share data):

		Th	Months	led June 3		Six Months Ended June 30,											
		<b>20</b> 1	16			201	5		2016					2015			
	Th	<u>In</u> ousands		<u>Per</u> Share	Tł	<u>In</u> 10usands	5	<u>Per</u> Share	Th	In Iousands		Per Share	Tł	In 10usands		Per Share	
Net income, as reported	\$	11,673	\$	0.41	\$	13,339	\$	0.47	\$	24,847	\$	0.88	\$	30,127	\$	1.06	
Adjustments, net of tax:																	
Non-recurring restructuring expenses related to U.S. consumer loan operations		_		_		208		0.01		_		_		299		0.01	
Non-recurring acquisition expenses		2,651		0.10		754		0.03		2,911		0.10		799		0.03	
Adjusted net income	\$	14,324	\$	0.51	\$	14,301	\$	0.51	\$	27,758	\$	0.98	\$	31,225	\$	1.10	

The following tables provide a reconciliation of the gross amounts, the impact of income taxes and the net amounts for each of the adjustments included in the table above (unaudited, in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,														
		2016						2015							
	Р	re-tax		Tax	A	fter-tax	I	re-tax		Tax	Af	ter-tax			
Non-recurring restructuring expenses related to U.S. consumer loan operations	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	310	\$	102	\$	208			
Non-recurring acquisition expenses		4,079		1,428		2,651		1,110		356		754			
Total adjustments	\$	4,079	\$	1,428	\$	2,651	\$	1,420	\$	458	\$	962			

	Six Months Ended June 30,														
		2016						2015							
	P	re-tax		Tax <u>After-tax</u>			I	re-tax	<u>Tax</u>		<u>After-tax</u>				
Non-recurring restructuring expenses related to U.S. consumer loan operations	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	439	\$	140	\$	299			
Non-recurring acquisition expenses		4,479		1,568		2,911		1,175		376		799			
Total adjustments	\$	4,479	\$	1,568	\$	2,911	\$	1,614	\$	516	\$	1,098			

## Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization

The Company defines adjusted EBITDA as net income before income taxes, depreciation and amortization, interest expense, interest income and nonrecurring charges as listed below. The Company believes adjusted EBITDA is commonly used by investors to assess a company's leverage capacity, liquidity and financial performance. However, adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for net income or other statement of income data prepared in accordance with GAAP. The following table provides a reconciliation of net income to adjusted EBITDA (unaudited, in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,				Trailing Twelve Months Ended June 30,			
	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	
Net income	\$ 11,673	\$	13,339	\$ 24,847	\$	30,127	\$	55,430	\$	76,596	
Income taxes	5,573		6,092	12,060		13,693		25,338		31,797	
Depreciation and amortization (1)	4,947		4,327	9,884		8,785		18,545		17,664	
Interest expense	4,326		4,126	8,786		8,146		17,527		16,327	
Interest income	(224)		(393)	(498)		(737)		(1,327)		(1,076)	
EBITDA	26,295		27,491	 55,079		60,014		115,513		141,308	
Adjustments:											
Non-recurring restructuring expenses related to U.S. consumer loan operations	_		310	_		439		8,439		439	
Non-recurring acquisition expenses	4,079		1,110	4,479		1,175		6,179		2,117	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 30,374	\$	28,911	\$ 59,558	\$	61,628	\$	130,131	\$	143,864	
Adjusted EBITDA margin calculated as follows:											
Total revenue							\$	726,138	\$	721,420	
Adjusted EBITDA							\$	130,131	\$	143,864	
Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue								18%		20%	
							_				
Leverage ratio calculated as follows (indebtedness divided by adjusted EBITDA):											
Indebtedness <sup>(2)</sup>							\$	250,500	\$	256,000	
Adjusted EBITDA							\$	130,131	\$	143,864	
Leverage ratio							-	1.9:1	_	1.8:1	

(1) For the three months ended June 30, 2015, excludes \$140,000 of depreciation and amortization, for the six months and trailing twelve months ended June 30, 2015, excludes \$229,000 of depreciation and amortization and for the trailing twelve months ended June 30, 2016, excludes \$264,000 of depreciation and amortization, which are included in the non-recurring restructuring expenses related to U.S. consumer loan operations.

(2) Excludes deferred debt issuance costs of \$3,797,000 and \$4,436,000 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, which are included as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the senior unsecured notes in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### Free Cash Flow

For purposes of its internal liquidity assessments, the Company considers free cash flow, which is defined as cash flow from operating activities reduced by purchases of property and equipment and net cash outflow from loan receivables. Free cash flow is commonly used by investors as a measure of cash generated by business operations that will be used to repay scheduled debt maturities and can be used to invest in future growth through new business development activities or acquisitions, repurchase stock, pay cash dividends or repay debt obligations prior to their maturities. These metrics can also be used to evaluate the Company's ability to generate cash flow from business operations and the impact that this cash flow has on the Company's liquidity. However, free cash flow has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for cash flow from operating activities, including discontinued operations, or other income statement data prepared in accordance with GAAP. The following table reconciles "net cash flow from operating activities" to "free cash flow" (unaudited, in thousands):

	Trailing Twelve Months Ended					
	June 30,					
	<b>2016</b> 2015					
Cash flow from operating activities	\$	90,413	\$	91,049		
Cash flow from investing activities:						
Loan receivables		(9,211)		1,517		
Purchases of property and equipment		(29,546)		(20,495)		
Free cash flow	\$	51,656	\$	72,071		

#### Constant Currency Results

The Company's reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. However, certain performance metrics discussed in this report are presented on a "constant currency" basis, which may be considered a non-GAAP measurement of financial performance. The Company's management uses constant currency results to evaluate operating results of business operations in Latin America, which are primarily transacted in local currencies. Constant currency results reported herein are calculated by translating certain balance sheet and income statement items denominated in local currencies using the exchange rate from the prior-year comparable period, as opposed to the current comparable period, in order to exclude the effects of foreign currency rate fluctuations for purposes of evaluating period-over-period comparisons. Business operations in Mexico and Guatemala are transacted in Mexican pesos and Guatemalan quetzales, respectively. As the Company acquired the Guatemalan stores on December 31, 2015, there are no prior year comparisons and current year results were translated at an average exchange rate of 7.7 Guatemalan quetzales / U.S. dollar. The Company also has operations in El Salvador where the reporting and functional currency is the U.S. dollar. In addition, see the tables detailing the components of revenue in "—Results of Continuing Operations" above for additional reconciliation of revenues to constant currency revenues.

The following table provides exchange rates for the Mexican peso for the current and prior year periods (unaudited):

	June 3	30,	
	2016	2015	Decrease
Mexican peso / U.S. dollar exchange rate:			
End-of-period	18.5	15.6	(19)%
Three months ended	18.1	15.3	(18)%
Six months ended	18.0	15.1	(19)%



### **Regulatory Developments**

The Company is subject to significant regulation of its pawn, consumer loan and general business operations in all of the jurisdictions in which it operates. These regulations are implemented through various laws, ordinances and regulatory pronouncements from federal, state and municipal governmental entities in the United States and Latin America. These regulatory bodies often have broad discretionary authority in the establishment, interpretation and enforcement of such regulations. These regulations are often subject to change, sometimes significantly, as a result of political, economic or social trends, events and media perceptions.

The Company is subject to specific laws, ordinances and regulations primarily concerning its pawn and consumer lending operations. Many statutes and regulations prescribe, among other things, the general terms of the Company's pawn and consumer loan agreements, including maximum service fees and/or interest rates that may be charged and collected. In many municipal, state and federal jurisdictions, in both the United States and countries in Latin America, the Company must obtain and maintain regulatory operating licenses and comply with regular or frequent regulatory reporting and registration requirements, including reporting and recording of pawn loans, pawned collateral, used merchandise purchased from the general public, retail sales activities, firearm transactions, export, import and transfer of merchandise, and currency transactions, among other things. Existing regulations and regulatory developments are further and more completely described under "Governmental Regulation" in Part I, Item 1 of the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 17, 2016. Other than as described below, there have been no material changes to the Company's regulatory developments since December 31, 2015.

On June 1, 2016, the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau issued its notice of proposed rulemaking related to short-term consumer loans. The proposed rules remain open for comment until October 7, 2016 and are expected to become effective 15 months after the rules are finalized. The proposed rules seek to establish an ability to repay assessment on all covered loans, verification by the consumer of certain debts and verification through outside sources by lenders of certain debts, mandatory cooling off periods, alternative loan offerings that would allow lenders to forego the proposed requirement to conduct an ability to repay assessment, and restrictions on collection practices. As written, the proposed rules define the Company's consumer loan products, both short-term loans and installment loans, as loans covered under the rules, but excludes pawn loans. The Company continues to review the proposed rules to determine the potential impact on its consumer loan portfolio if the proposed rules become final in their current form. The Company's consumer loan revenue accounted for 3% of the Company's consolidated total revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risks relating to the Company's operations result primarily from changes in interest rates, gold prices and foreign currency exchange rates, and are described in detail in the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K. The impact of current-year fluctuations in gold prices and foreign currency exchange rates, in particular, are further discussed in Part I, Item 2 herein. There have been no material changes to the Company's exposure to market risks since December 31, 2015.

## **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, management of the Company has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) (the "Exchange Act") as of June 30, 2016 (the "Evaluation Date"). Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective (i) to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC rules and forms; and (ii) to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2016 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

The Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls will prevent all possible error and fraud. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures are, however, designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives, and the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective at that reasonable assurance level.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## **ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

Other than as described below, there have been no material changes in the status of legal proceedings previously reported in the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K.

On July 6, 2016, Andrew Samtoy, a purported shareholder of Cash America, filed a Stockholder Class Action and Derivative Petition in the District Court of Dallas County of the State of Texas, styled *Samtoy et al. v. Stuart et al.*, DC-16-08063 (the "Samtoy Action"), against Cash America's board of directors, the Company and Merger Sub. The complaint in the Samtoy Action also names Cash America as a nominal defendant. The complaint in the Samtoy Action asserts direct and derivative claims against Cash America's board of directors for breach of fiduciary duty in connection with their approval of the proposed Merger. The complaint in the Samtoy Action also asserts direct and derivative claims against the Company and Merger Sub for allegedly aiding and abetting Cash America's board of directors' breach of fiduciary duties. The Samtoy Action seeks, among other things, an injunction enjoining the proposed Merger from closing and an award of attorneys' fees and costs. Cash America, its board of directors, the Company and Merger Sub believe that the claims in the complaint are entirely without merit and intend to defend this action vigorously.

## **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

Important risk factors that could affect the Company's operations and financial performance, or that could cause results or events to differ from current expectations, are described in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" of the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K. These factors are supplemented by those discussed under "Management's Discussion And Analysis Of Financial Condition And Results Of Operations" and "Regulatory Developments" in Part I, Item 2 of this quarterly report and in "Governmental Regulation" in Part I, Item 1 of the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K.

As a result of the Company entering into the Merger Agreement with Cash America, certain risk factors have been identified in addition to those previously reported in the Company's 2015 annual report on Form 10-K. These risks, including those risks associated with the 2016 Credit Facility, are described in more detail under the heading "Risk Factors" in the definitive joint proxy statement/prospectus that is included in the registration statement on Form S-4 that was filed with the SEC on August 1, 2016 in connection with the proposed Merger with Cash America. The Company urges you to read the registration statement on Form S-4 because it contains important information about the Merger, including relevant risk factors.

## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

During the period from January 1, 2016 through June 30, 2016, the Company granted a total of 51,000 nonvested shares of restricted common stock to certain executives of the Company. A total of 7,000 restricted shares, primarily granted in previous years, vested and were issued during the period from January 1, 2016 through June 30, 2016.

The transactions set forth in the above paragraph were completed pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, did not involve a public offering and were granted to a limited group of persons. Each recipient either received adequate information about the Company or had access, through employment or other relationships, to such information, and the Company determined that each recipient had such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters that they were able to evaluate the merits and risks of an investment in the Company. All grants of the Company's securities were made by officers of the Company who received no commission or other remuneration for the solicitation of any person in connection with the respective sales of securities described above.

In January 2015, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a common stock repurchase program for up to 2,000,000 shares of the Company's outstanding common stock. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company did not repurchase any of its common stock and 1,148,000 shares remain available for repurchase under the repurchase program. As the Company has suspended repurchases under its repurchase program pending the completion of the Merger. Following the completion of the Merger, continued share repurchases will be subject to a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, the level of cash balances, credit availability, debt covenant restrictions, general business conditions, regulatory requirements, the market price of the Company's stock, dividend policy and the availability of alternative investment opportunities.

# ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not Applicable.

## **ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

Not Applicable.

# **ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

## **ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

Exhibit No.	Exhibit Description	Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed Herewith
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of April 28, 2016, by and among First Cash Financial Services, Inc., Frontier Merger Sub, LLC and Cash America International, Inc.*	8-K	0-19133	2.1	04/28/2016	
3.1	Amended Certificate of Incorporation	DEF 14A	0-19133	А	04/29/2004	
3.2	Amended Bylaws	10-K	0-19133	3.2	03/31/2000	
10.1	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated July 25, 2016, between First Cash Financial Services, Inc., Certain Subsidiaries of the Borrower From Time to Time Party Thereto, the Lenders Party Thereto, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	8-K	0-19133	10.1	07/26/2016	
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act provided by Rick L. Wessel, Chief Executive Officer					Х
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act provided by R. Douglas Orr, Chief Financial Officer					Х
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 provided by Rick L. Wessel, Chief Executive Officer					Х
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 provided by R. Douglas Orr, Chief Financial Officer					Х
101 (1)	The following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the second quarter of fiscal 2016, filed with the SEC on August 8, 2016, is formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2016, June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2015, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, (v) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 and (vi) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.					X

Incorporated by Reference

- \* The schedules to the Agreement and Plan of Merger have been omitted from this filing pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. Registrant will furnish copies of such schedules to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission upon request by the Commission.
- (1) The XBRL related information in Exhibit 101 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to liability of that section and shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing or other document pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing or document.

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: August 8, 2016

FIRST CASH FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. (Registrant)

<u>/s/ RICK L. WESSEL</u> Rick L. Wessel Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

<u>/s/ R. DOUGLAS ORR</u> R. Douglas Orr Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

## INDEX TO EXHIBITS

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\* The schedules to the Agreement and Plan of Merger have been omitted from this filing pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. Registrant will furnish copies of such schedules to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission upon request by the Commission.

(1) The XBRL related information in Exhibit 101 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to liability of that section and shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing or other document pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing or document.

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT

I, Rick L. Wessel, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of First Cash Financial Services, Inc. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2016

<u>/s/ Rick L. Wessel</u> Rick L. Wessel Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT

I, R. Douglas Orr, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of First Cash Financial Services, Inc. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2016

<u>/s/ R. Douglas Orr</u> R. Douglas Orr Chief Financial Officer

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of First Cash Financial Services, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Rick L. Wessel, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 8, 2016

<u>/s/ Rick L. Wessel</u> Rick L. Wessel Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of First Cash Financial Services, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, R. Douglas Orr, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 8, 2016

<u>/s/ R. Douglas Orr</u> R. Douglas Orr Chief Financial Officer